

Town Profile

Farnham

Waverley

local futures 

Town Profiles

Local Futures Group Profiles provide a unique insight into an area, benchmarking economic, social and environmental performance in both a local and national context. Using A-E scores, the 'Scorecard' benchmarks the performance of an area against all wards within England & Wales. An 'A' grade indicates that the area is within the top 20% of wards ranked nationally, while an 'E' grade indicates that it is in the bottom 20%.

For the purposes of this profile, Farnham Town has been defined by combining the 9 wards of Farnham - Farnham Bourne, Farnham Castle, Farnham Firgrove, Farnham Hale and Heath End, Farnham Moor Park, Farnham Shortheath and Boundstone, Farnham Upper Hale, Farnham Weybourne and Badshot Lea & Farnham Wrecclesham and Rowledge.

Scorecards are designed to draw attention to an area's strengths, weaknesses and assets. They provide a headline analysis of some of the key issues and challenges faced by local policy makers and act as a framework for monitoring future performance. They are based on analysis of a wide range of indicators that can be accessed using the family of Local Knowledge products and services.

Local Knowledge

Developed by the Local Futures Group, Local Knowledge is a family of products and services developed specifically for organisations interested in profiling and benchmarking regional and local performance. Incorporating the latest thinking on competitiveness and sustainable development, Local Knowledge provides a unique set of resources for understanding regions and localities - economically, socially, environmentally

Scorecard



Score
National grade
Regional grade
District grade

Farnham

Waverley

South East

Industrial Structure

29.66% **A** **B** **B**
(1277 of 8860) (387 of 1491) (8 of 21)

Industrial structure is a measure of the quality of jobs in an area. An 'A' grade on this indicator suggests that there is a high proportion of knowledge-driven jobs and Farnham is in the top 20 percent in England and Wales, ranked 1277 out of 8860 wards. Knowledge-driven sectors are those that contain a high proportion of graduates and include industries such as Aerospace, Energy, Computing and Finance & Business. Within the South East, Farnham scores a 'B' grade, and is ranked 387 out of 1491 wards, meaning it is amongst the top 40 percent of the region. Farnham scores a 'B' grade within Waverley, placing it within the top 40 percent in the district, with a rank of 8 out of 21 wards.

Labour Market

64.81% **B** **C** **B**
(3225 of 8844) (845 of 1491) (10 of 21)

Labour market measures the participation rates of the resident working age population. A 'B' grade shows there is higher than average participation rates and Farnham is in the top 40 percent in England and Wales, ranked 3225 out of 8844 wards. Within the South East, Farnham scores a 'C' grade, and is ranked 845 out of 1491 wards, meaning it is in the middle 40-60 percent of the region. Farnham scores a 'B' grade within Waverley, placing it within the top 40 percent in the district, with a rank of 10 out of 21 wards.

Skills & Qualifications

129.81 **A** **A** **B**
(GB=100) (757 of 8842) (218 of 1491) (9 of 21)

Skills & Qualifications is a weighted composite that shows the relative qualifications of the resident working age population. This indicator is derived by combining the proportion of the workforce with NVQ1/no qualifications, with those qualified at levels 2-4. An 'A' grade on this measure suggests relatively high levels of skills and qualifications in the resident working age population and Farnham is in the top 20 percent in England and Wales, ranked 757 out of 8842 wards. Within the South East, Farnham scores an 'A' grade, and is ranked 218 out of 1491 wards, meaning it is in the top 20 percent of the region. Farnham scores a 'B' grade within Waverley, placing it within the top 20 percent in the district, with a rank of 9 out of 21 wards.

Knowledge workers

53.04% **A** **B** **B**
(1131 of 8842) (333 of 1491) (11 of 21)

Knowledge workers indicates the level of knowledge intensive occupations within the area. Occupations classified as knowledge-intensive are Managers, Senior Officials, Professional, Associate and Technical. The results are residence based. An 'A' grade shows there are a high proportion of knowledge workers within the population, and Farnham is in the top 20 percent in England and Wales, ranked 1131 out of 8842 wards. Within the South East, Farnham scores a 'B' grade, and is ranked 333 out of 1491 wards meaning it is in the top 40 percent of the region. Farnham scores a 'B' grade within Waverley, placing it within the top 40 percent in the district, with a rank of 11 out of 21 wards.

Deprivation

5.40 **A** **A** **C**
(Score) (7440 of 7924) (1232 of 1491) (15 of 21)

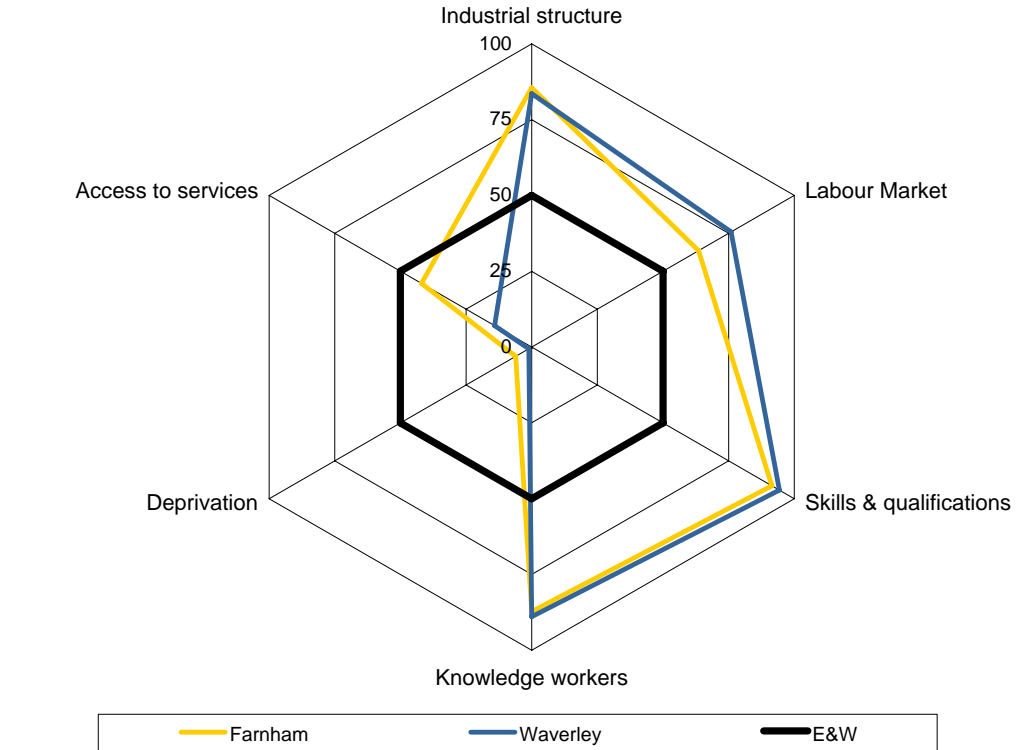
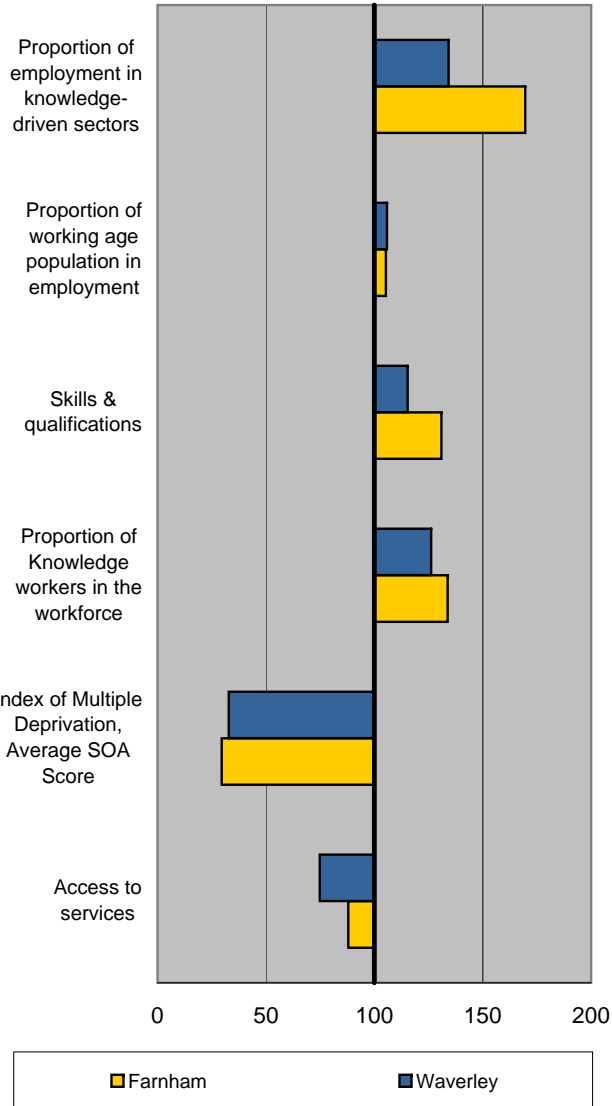
Deprivation indicates the level of deprivation in the area in relation to the country as a whole. An 'A' grade shows there is a low level of deprivation and Farnham is in the bottom 20 percent in England, ranked 7440 out of 7924 wards. Within England, Farnham has a low proportion of Super Output Areas (SOAs) with high levels of deprivation. Within the South East, Farnham scores an 'A' grade, and is ranked 1232 out of 1491 wards meaning it is in the bottom 20 percent of the region. Farnham scores a 'C' grade within Waverley, placing it within the middle 40-60 percent in the district, with a rank of 15 out of 21 wards.

Access to services

87.98 **C** **C** **A**
(GB=100) (4617 of 7960) (804 of 1490) (5 of 21)

Access to services measures the proportion of households living within 2 kilometres of key services such as schools, GPs, Post Offices, Supermarkets, libraries and JobCentres. A 'C' grade indicates that residents have average Access to services, and Farnham is in the middle 40-60 percent in England, ranked 4617 out of 7960 wards. Within the South East, Farnham scores a 'C' grade, and is ranked 804 out of 1490 wards meaning it is in the middle 40-60 percent of the region. Farnham scores an 'A' grade within Waverley, placing it within the top 20 percent in the district, with a rank of 5 out of 21 wards.

Scorecard profile



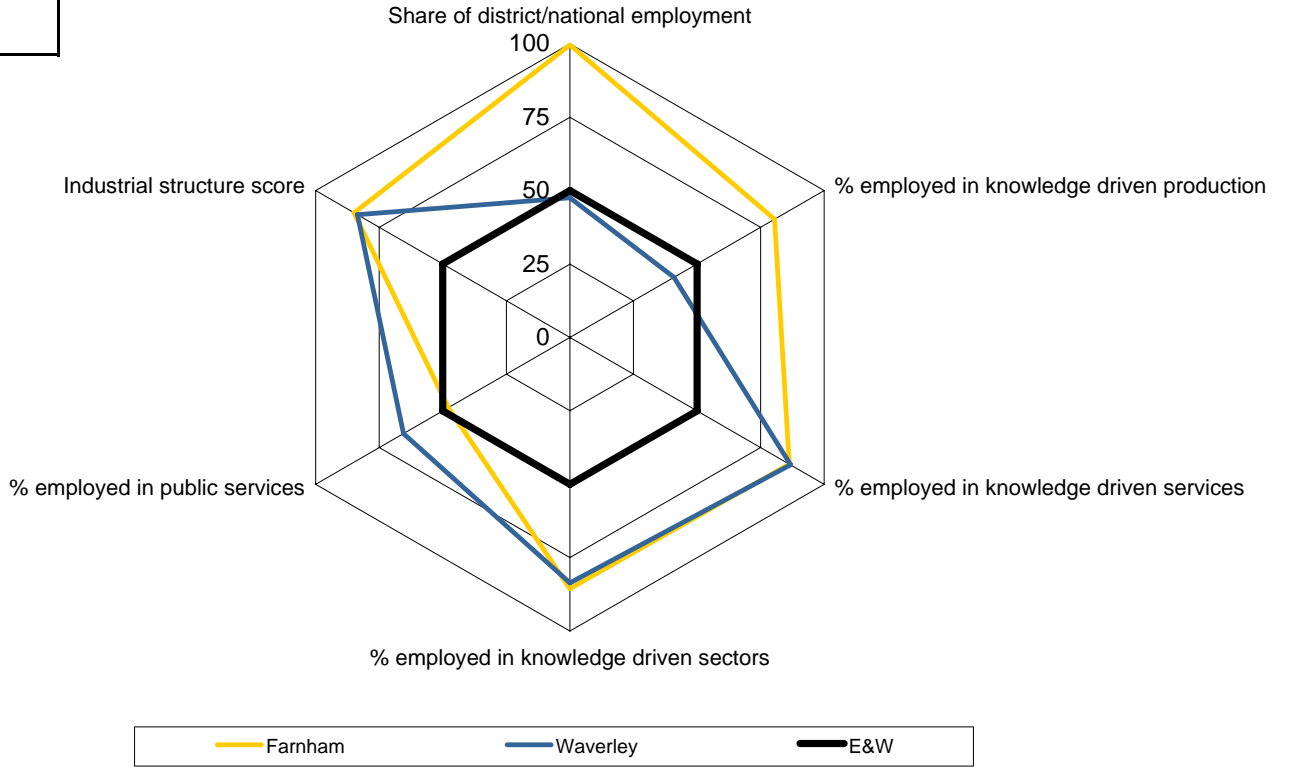
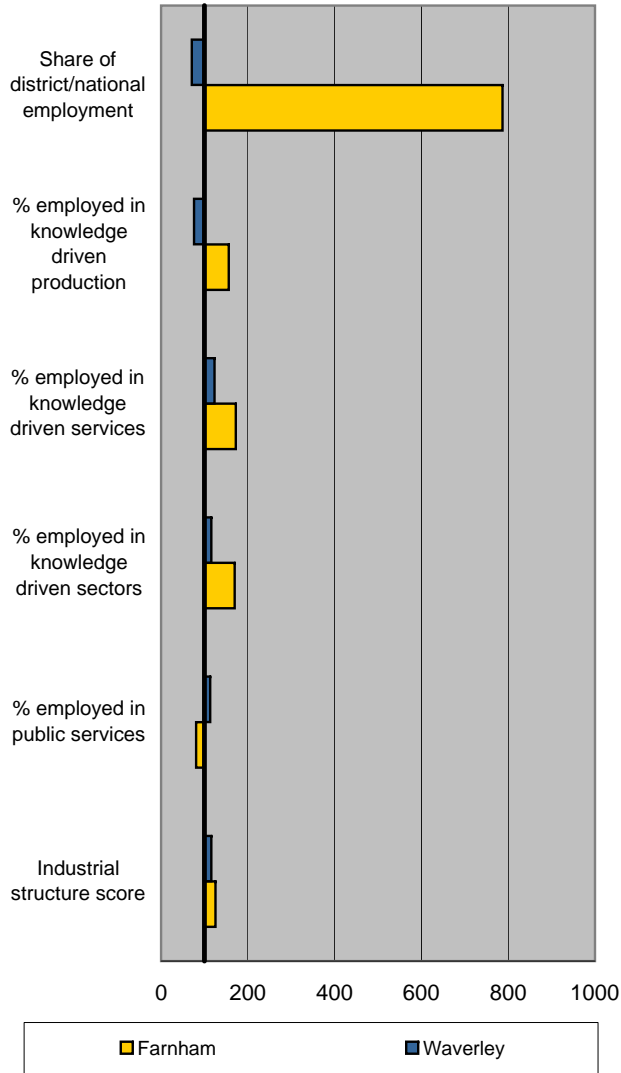
The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (ie. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	National rank	Score
Proportion of employment in knowledge-driven sectors, 2004	29.66%	1277	26.94%
Proportion of working age population in employment, 2001	64.81%	3225	80.33%
Skills & qualifications, 2001	129.81	757	115.94
Proportion of Knowledge workers in the workforce, 2001	53.04%	1131	50.89%
Index of Multiple Deprivation, Average SOA Score, 2004	5.40	7440	6.20
Access to services, 2005	87.98	4617	74.85

Source: Local Knowledge; Census 2001, Indices of Deprivation, Annual Local Labour Force Survey, Annual Business Inquiry, Rural Services Series

The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

Industrial structure



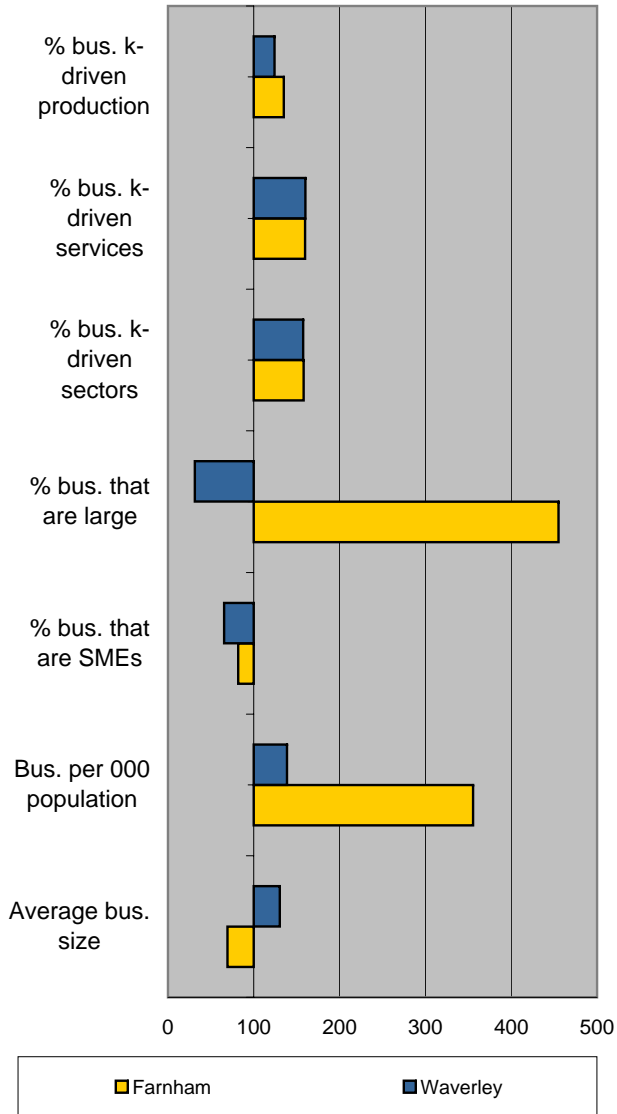
The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
Share of district/national employment, 2004	33.40%	36	0.17%
% employed in knowledge driven production, 2004	4.52%	1428	2.74%
% employed in knowledge driven services, 2004	25.14%	1214	24.19%
% employed in knowledge driven sectors, 2004	29.66%	1277	26.94%
% employed in public services, 2004	20.54%	4597	23.78%
Industrial structure score, 2004	125.20	1334	115.83

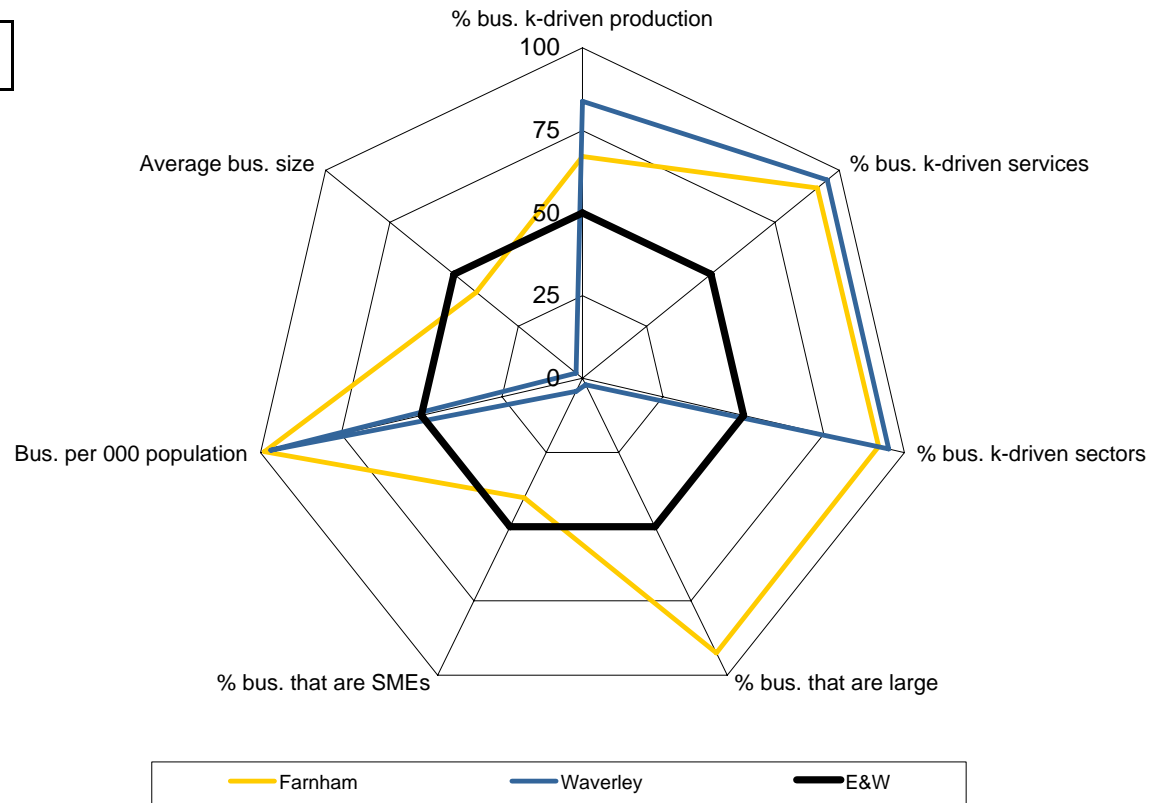
Source: Local Knowledge; Annual Business Inquiry

The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

Business and enterprise



The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

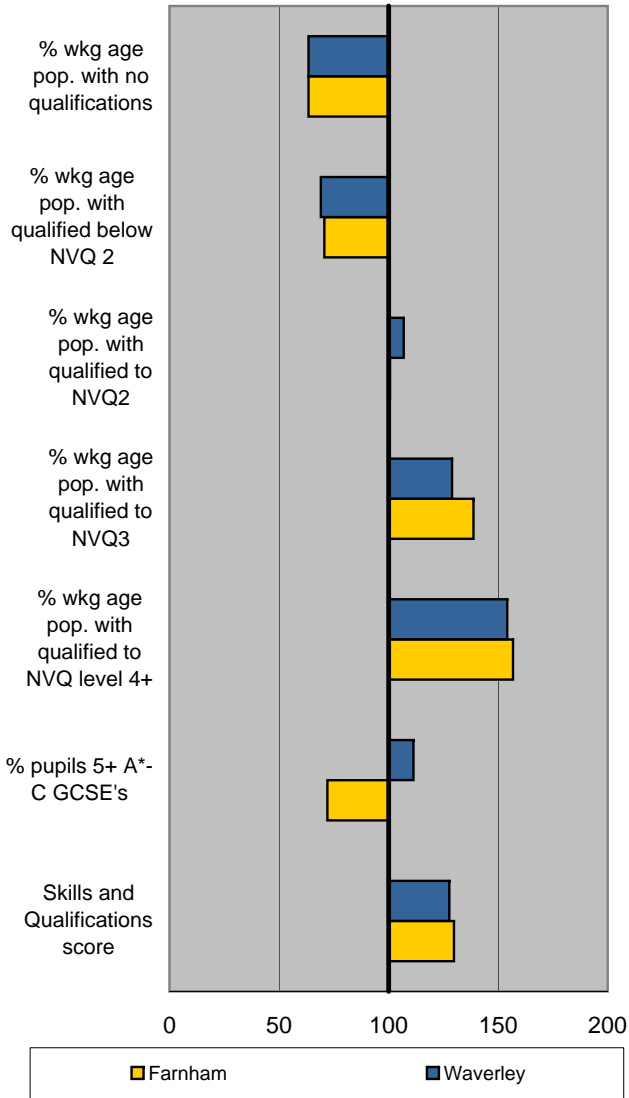


The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

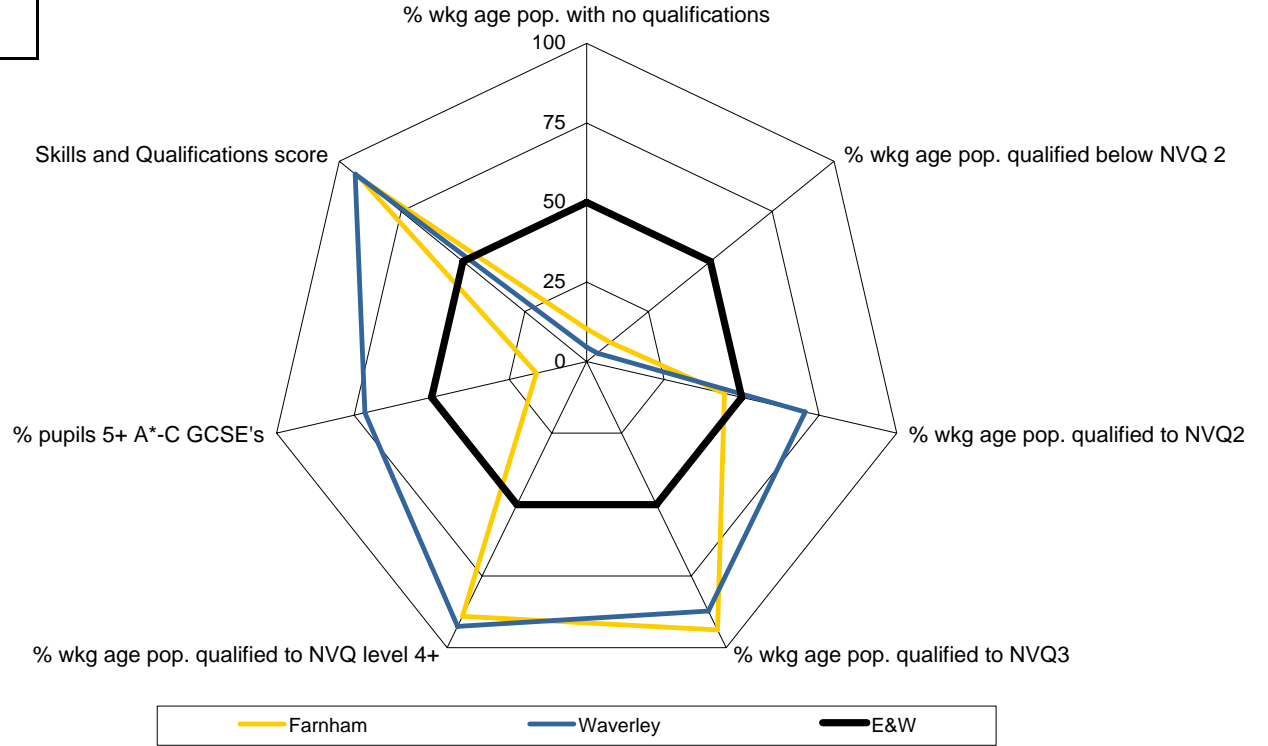
Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
% businesses in knowledge-driven production, 2004	2.43%	2423	2.37%
% businesses in knowledge-driven services, 2004	41.97%	754	41.90%
% businesses in knowledge-driven sectors, 2004	44.40%	705	44.27%
Share of employers that are large, 2004	2.43%	321	0.20%
Share of employers that are SME, 2004	11.50%	5275	10.45%
Businesses per 000 population, 2004	146.39	107	59.98
Average business size, 2004	6.83	5186	6.43

Source: Local Knowledge; Annual Business Inquiry

Skills & Qualifications



The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

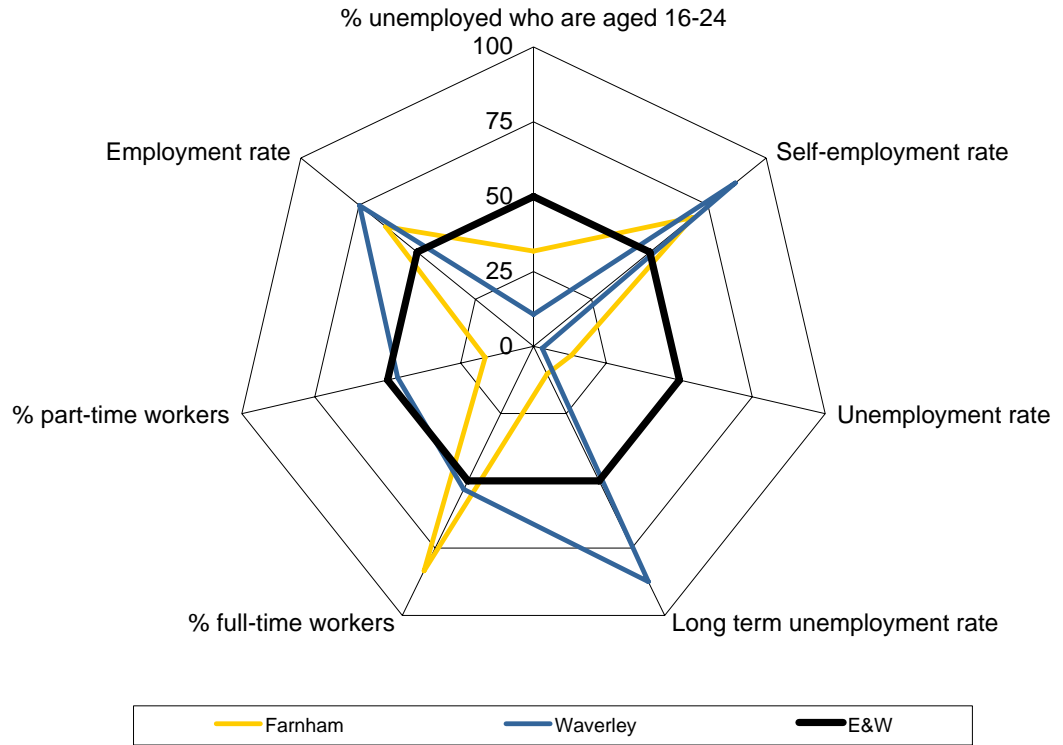
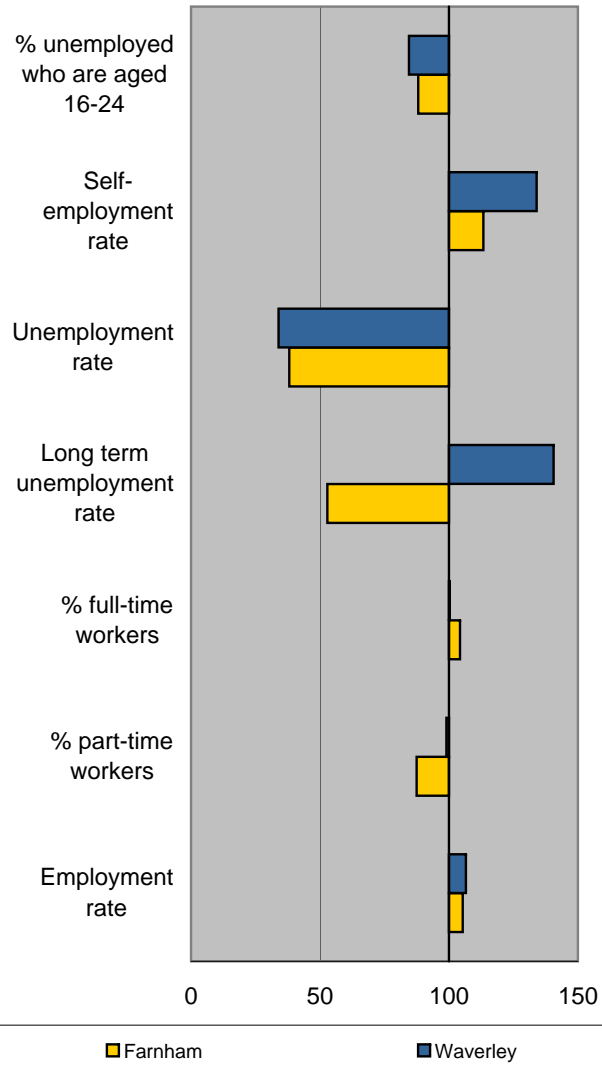


The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
% working age population with no qualifications, 2001	17.96%	7887	19.56%
% working age population qualified below NVQ 2, 2001	34.66%	7998	33.92%
% working age population qualified to NVQ2, 2001	22.70%	4914	23.05%
% working age population qualified to NVQ3, 2001	11.85%	547	11.01%
% working age population qualified to NVQ level 4+, 2001	30.79%	968	32.02%
Proportion of pupils achieving 5+ A*-C GCSE's, 2003	34.50%	6111	57.50%
Skills and Qualifications score, 2001	129.81	757	127.68

Source: Local Knowledge; Census 2001, DfES; ONS

Labour Market



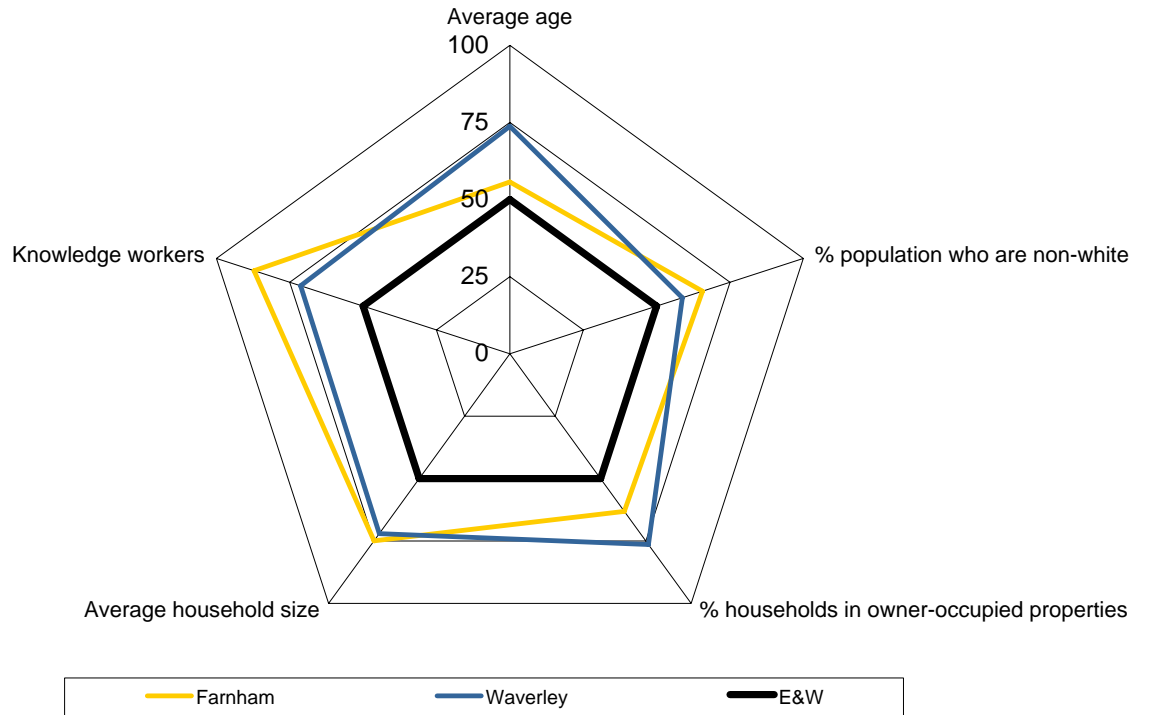
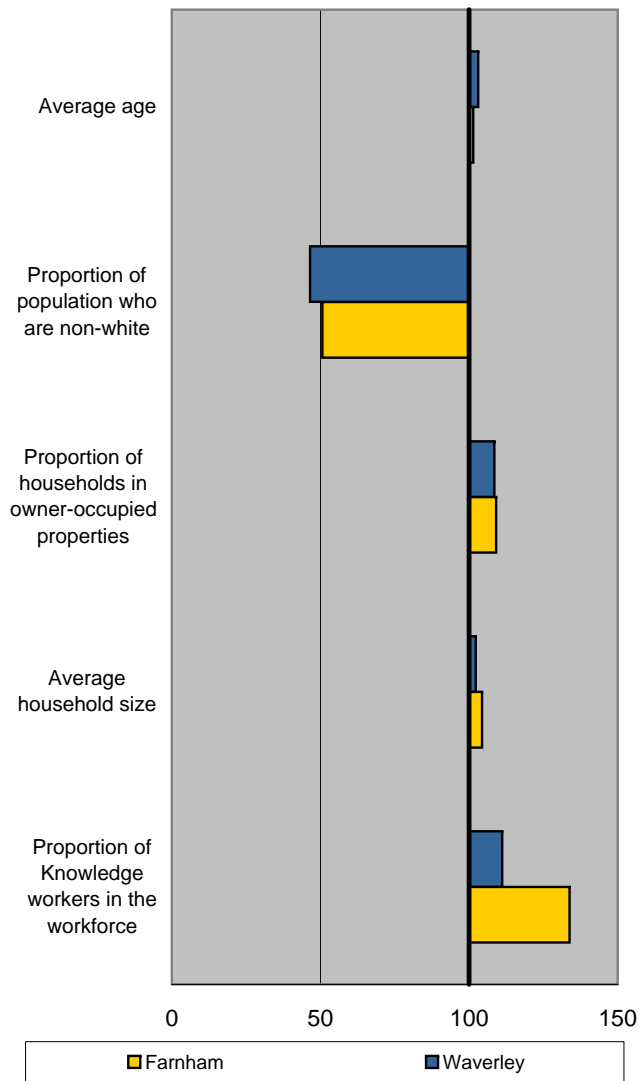
The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
% unemployed aged between 16 - 24, 2001	21.82%	5956	21.66%
% people in employment who are self employed, 2001	10.97%	2799	17.63%
Unemployment rate, September 2006	0.80%	7670	0.70%
Long term unemployment rate, September 2006	9.20%	5473	16.90%
% the working population who work full-time, 2001	77.72%	1464	77.09%
% the working population who work part-time, 2001	22.28%	7379	22.91%
% the population in employment, 2001	64.81%	3225	65.60%

Source: Local Knowledge, Census 2001, Claimant Counts

The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

Demography - summary



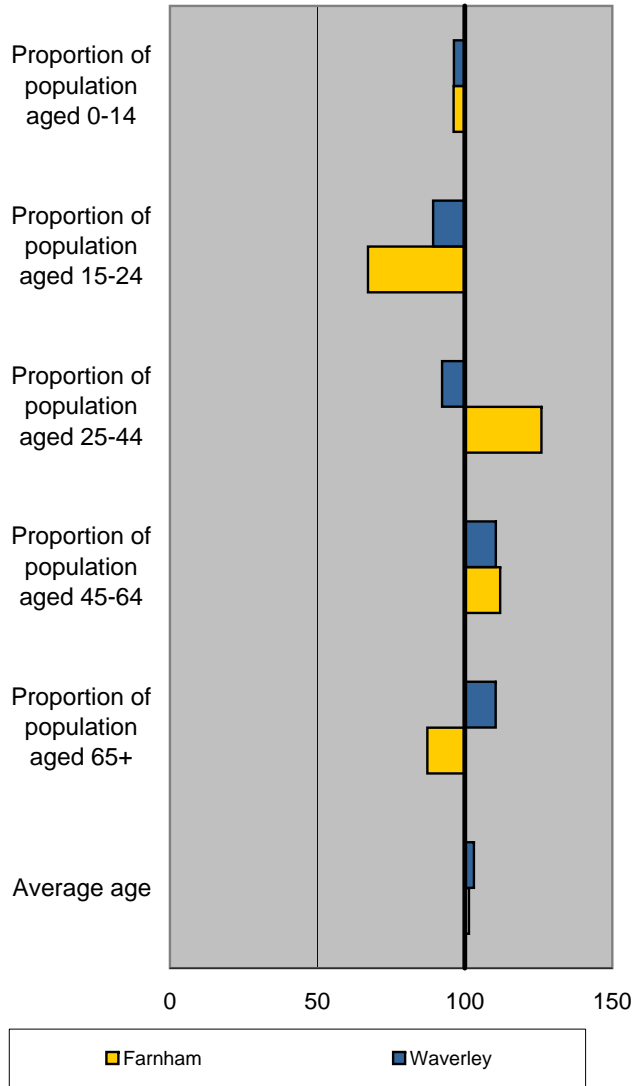
The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
Average age, 2001	40.23	3917	40.49
% the population who are classified as non-white, 2001	2.63%	3014	2.61%
% households in owner-occupied properties, 2001	78.42%	3261	76.46%
Average household size, 2001	2.47	2214	2.45
Knowledge workers, 2001	53.04%	1131	45.32%

Source: Local Knowledge; Census 2001

The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

Demography - age



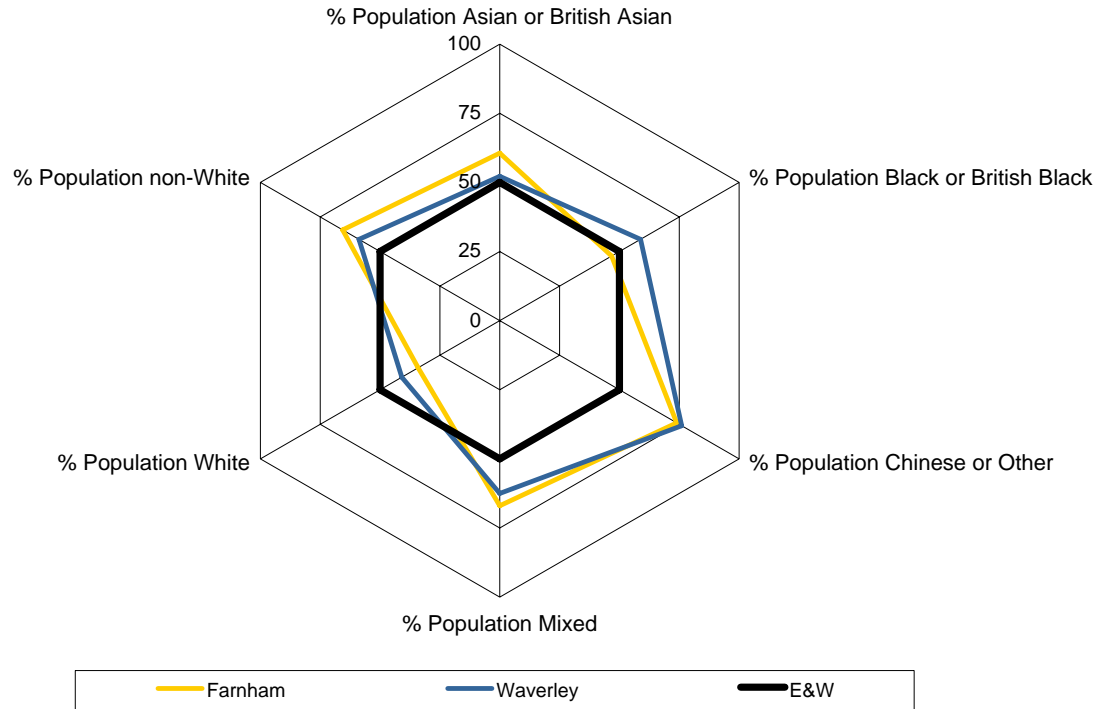
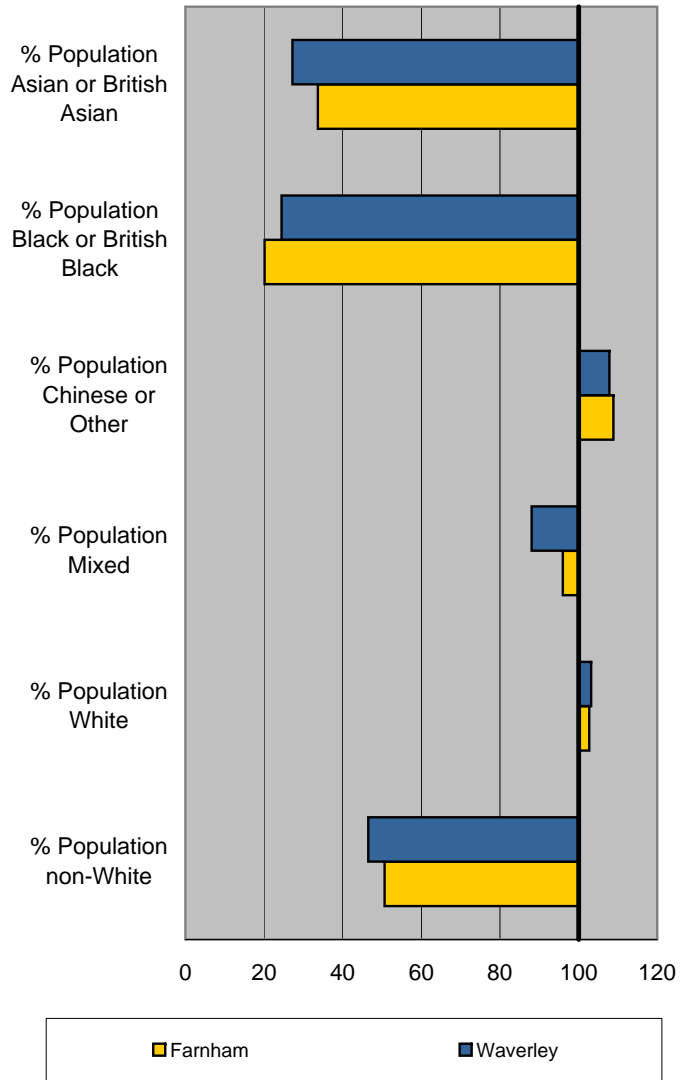
The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e., the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
% Population aged 0-14, 2003	18.56%	5391	19.32%
% Population aged 15-24, 2003	10.63%	7911	9.76%
% Population aged 25-44, 2003	27.70%	499	26.91%
% Population aged 45-64, 2003	25.76%	2317	26.38%
% Population aged 65+, 2003	17.35%	5984	17.63%
Average age, 2001	40.23	3917	40.49

Source: Local Knowledge; Census 2001, Model-based population estimates; ONS

The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

Demography - ethnicity



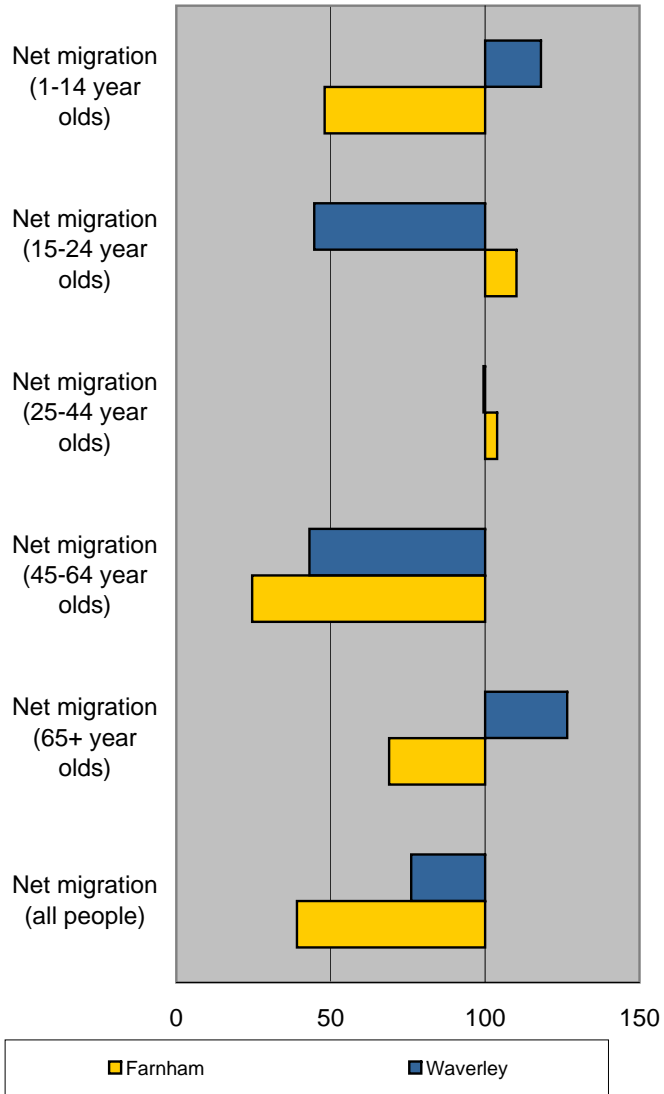
The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
% Population Asian or British Asian, 2001	0.83%	3126	0.74%
% Population Black or British Black, 2001	0.24%	3798	0.31%
% Population Chinese or Other, 2001	0.67%	2077	0.72%
% Population Mixed, 2001	0.89%	2851	0.83%
% Population White, 2001	97.37%	5829	97.39%
% Population non-White, 2001	2.63%	3014	2.61%

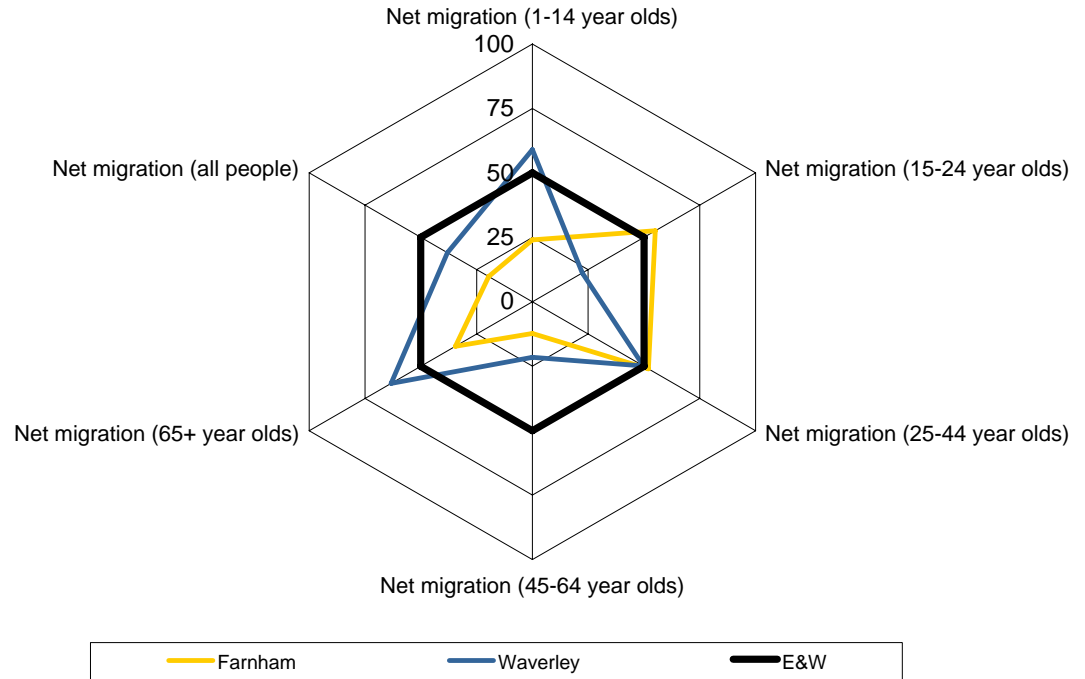
Source: Local Knowledge; Census 2001

The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

Demography - net migration



The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

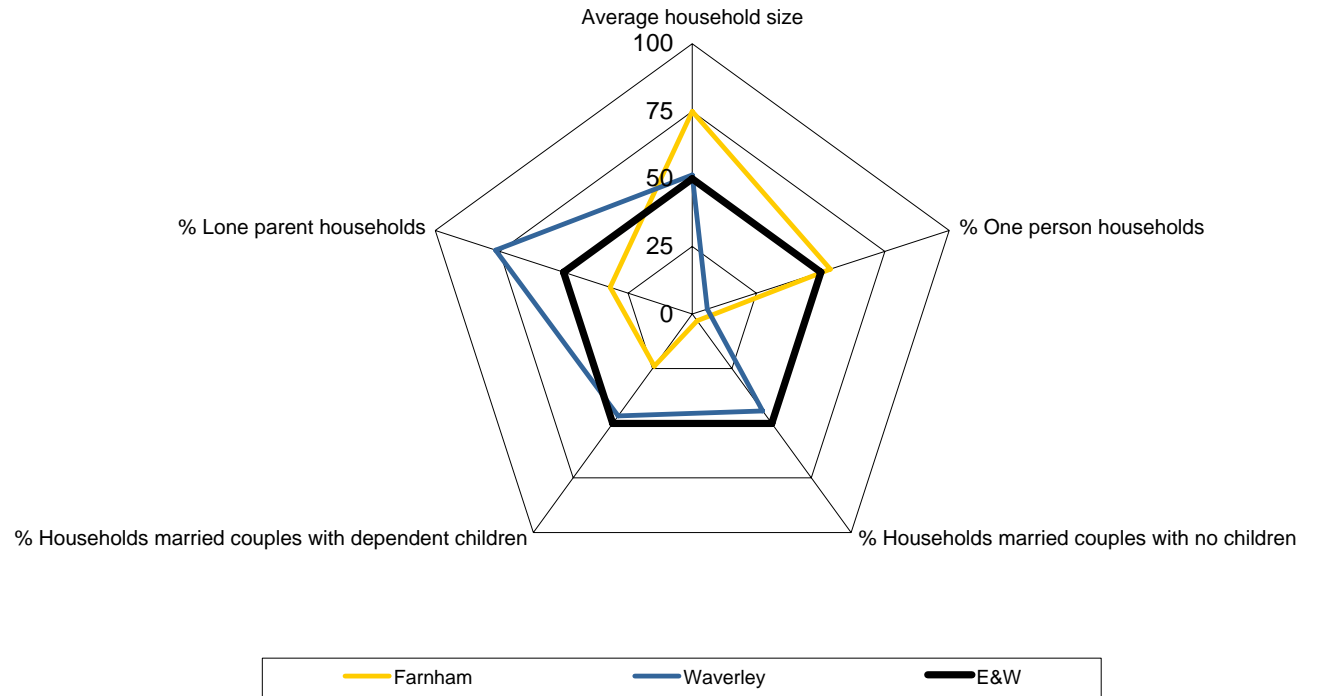
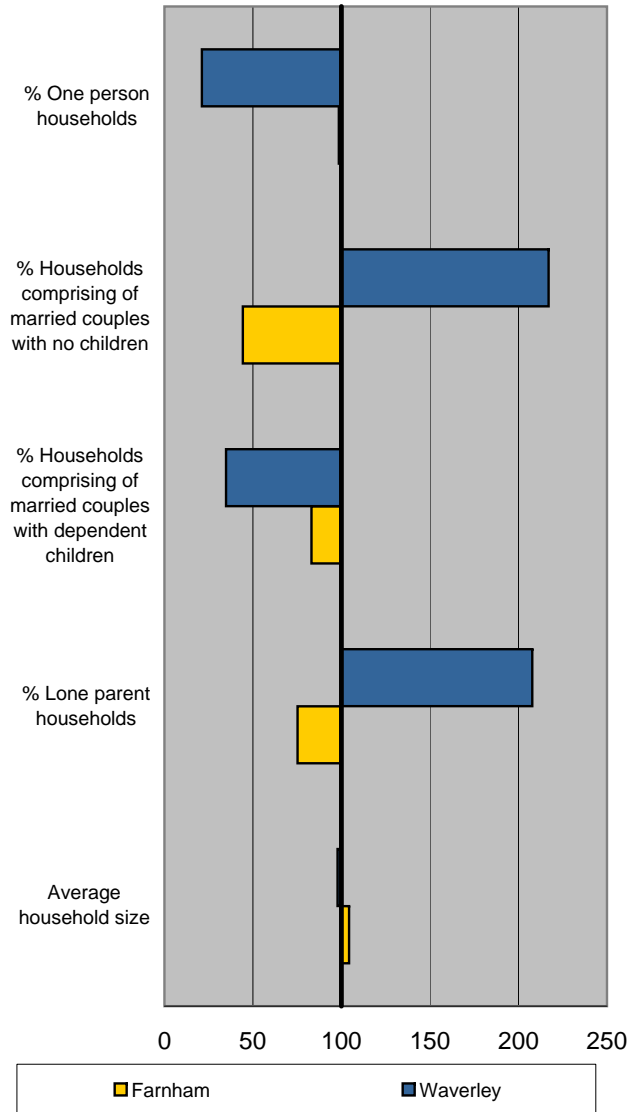


The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
Net migration (1-14 year olds), 2001	-1.34%	6714	0.89%
Net migration (15-24 year olds), 2001	-0.97%	3968	-2.66%
Net migration (25-44 year olds), 2001	-0.56%	4245	0.64%
Net migration (45-64 year olds), 2001	-1.25%	7749	-0.66%
Net migration (65+ year olds), 2001	-0.91%	5790	0.49%
Net migration (all people), 2001	-0.17%	7109	0.00%

Source: Local Knowledge; Census 2001

Demography - household structure



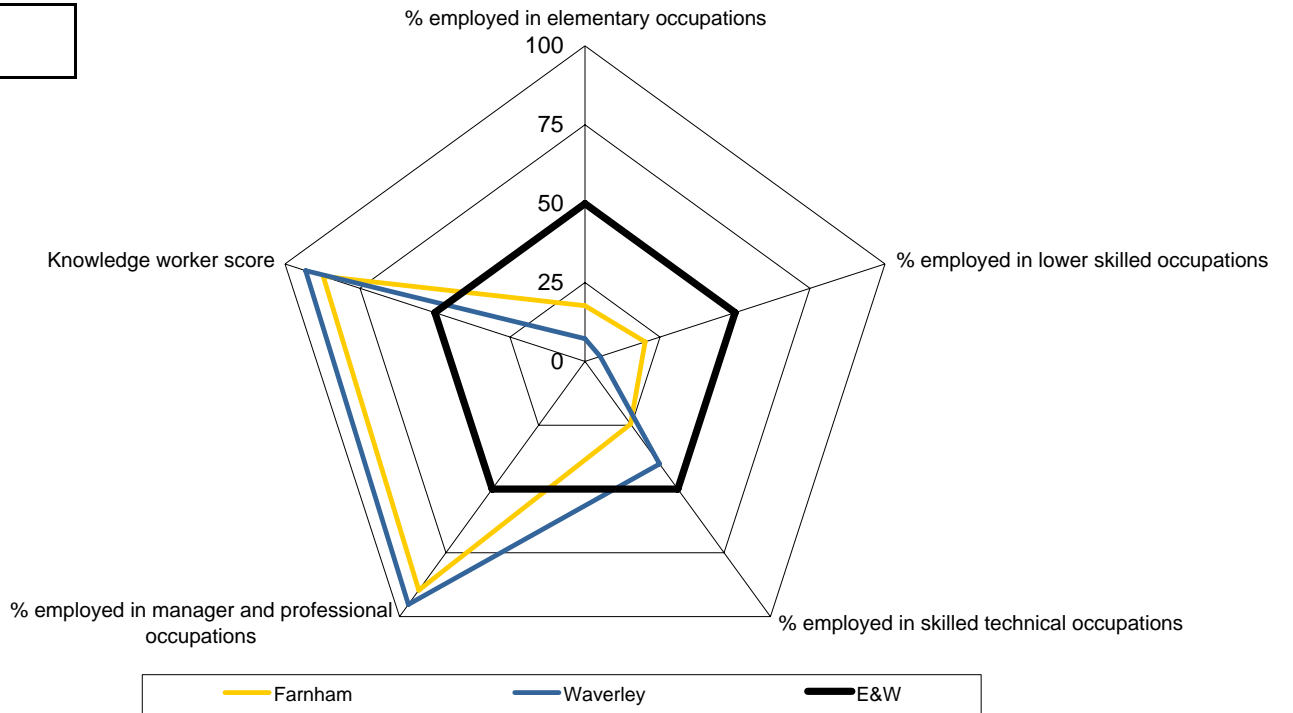
The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
% one person households, 01	27.94%	4095	6.39%
% hhds comprising married couples with no children, 01	6.45%	8572	28.16%
% hhds comprising married couples with dep. children, 01	15.30%	6734	6.08%
% Lone parent households, 01	6.45%	6015	20.02%
Average household size, 01	2.47	2214	2.36

Source: Local Knowledge; Census 2001

The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

Occupational structure



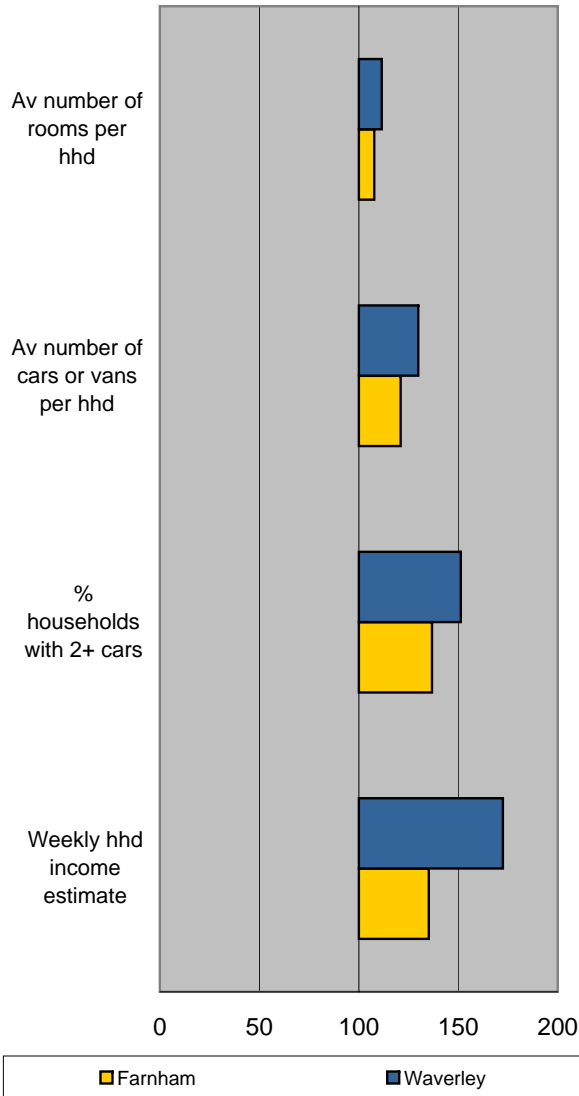
The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
% employed in elementary occupations, 2001	8.12%	7239	8.10%
% employed in lower skilled occupations, 2001	29.54%	7032	29.38%
% employed in skilled technical occupations, 2001	23.91%	6631	25.08%
% employed in manager & professional occupations, 2001	38.43%	916	37.44%
Knowledge worker score, 2001	132.38	1122	52.36%

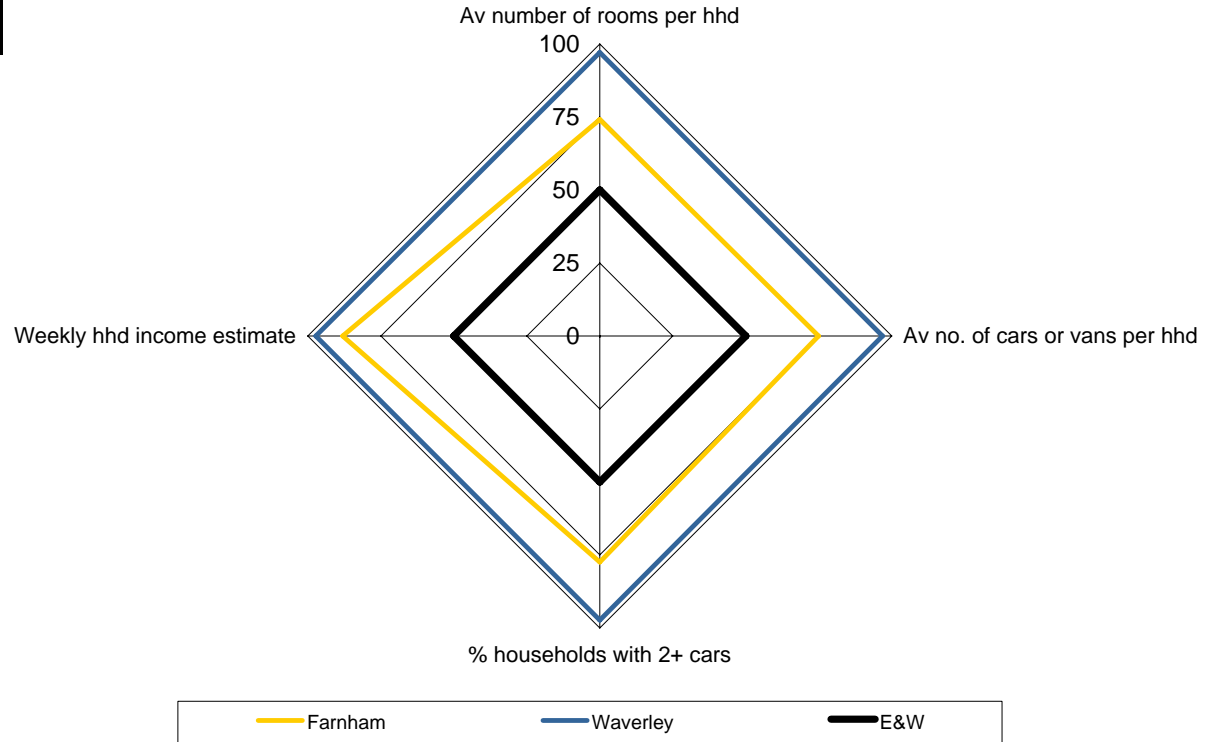
Source: Local Knowledge; Census 2001

The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

Prosperity & Wealth



The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

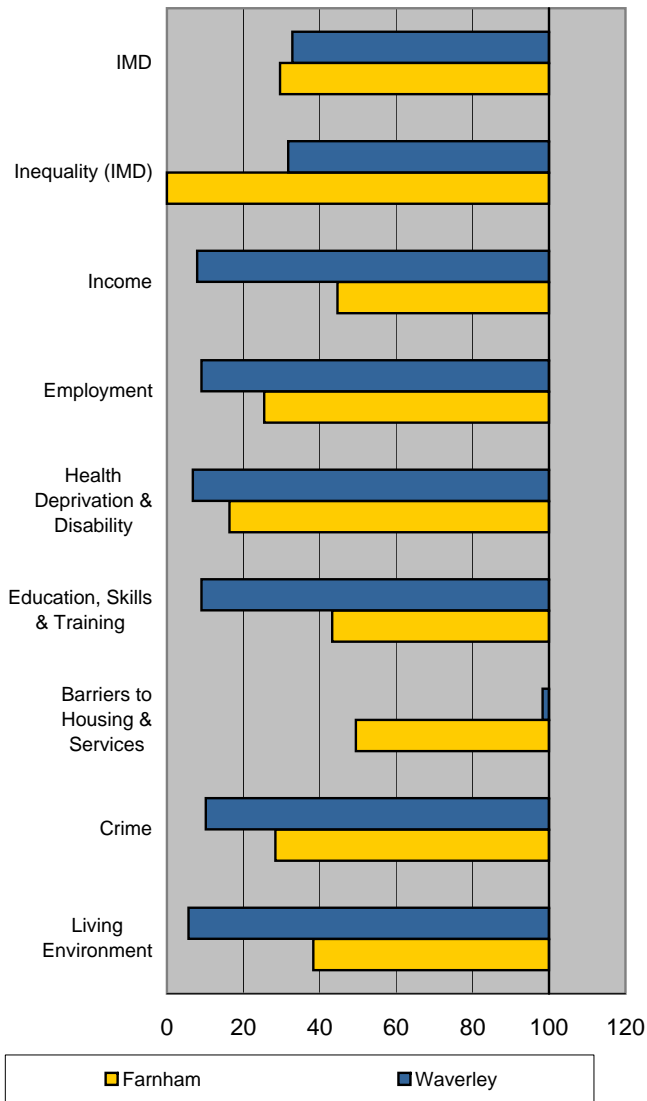


The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

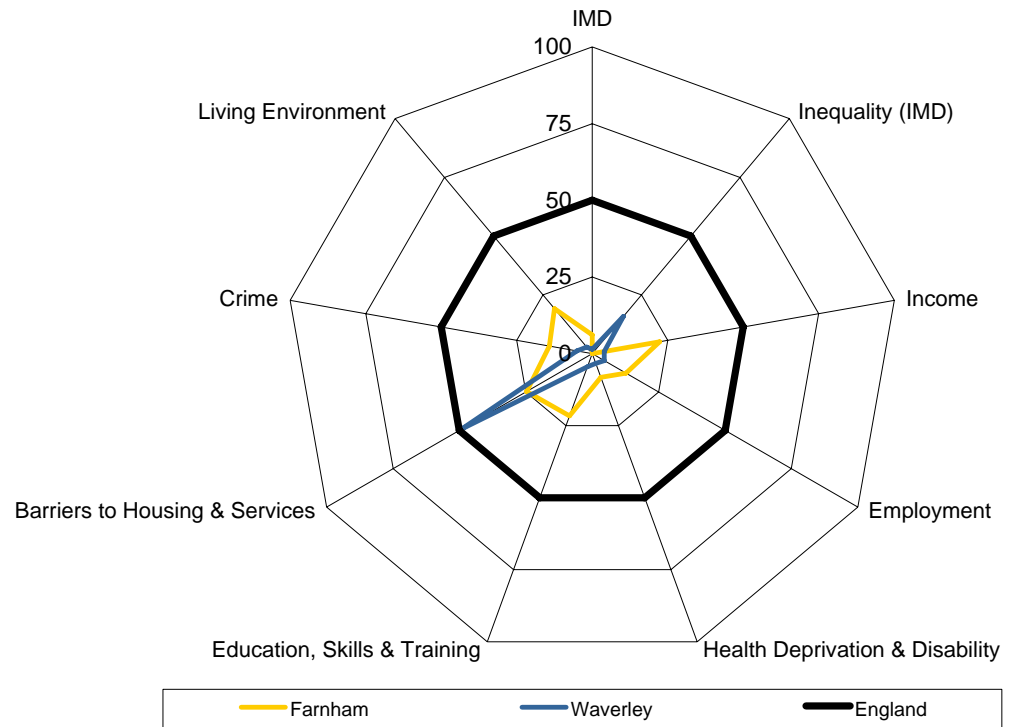
Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
Average number of rooms per household, 2001	6.01	2287	6.08
Average number of cars or vans per household, 2001	1.48	2219	1.50
Proportion of all households with 2+ cars, 2001	47.01%	1998	47.85%
Total Weekly Household Income Estimate, 2001/02	£747	1055	£712

Source: Local Knowledge; Census 2001, Ward level income estimates; ONS

Deprivation & Inequality



The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England = 100)

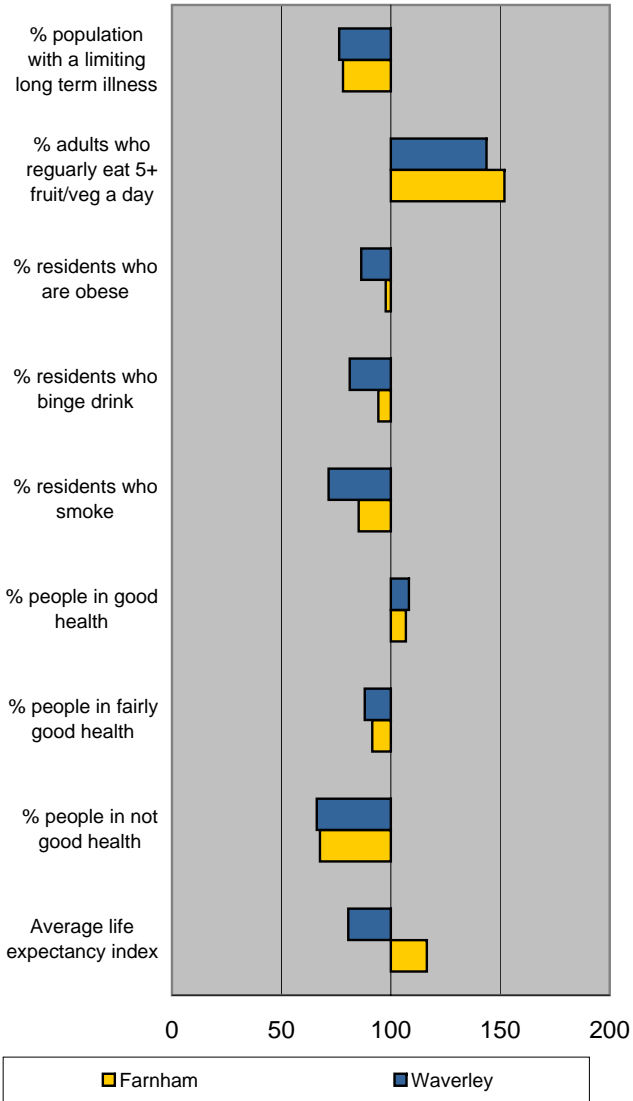


The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

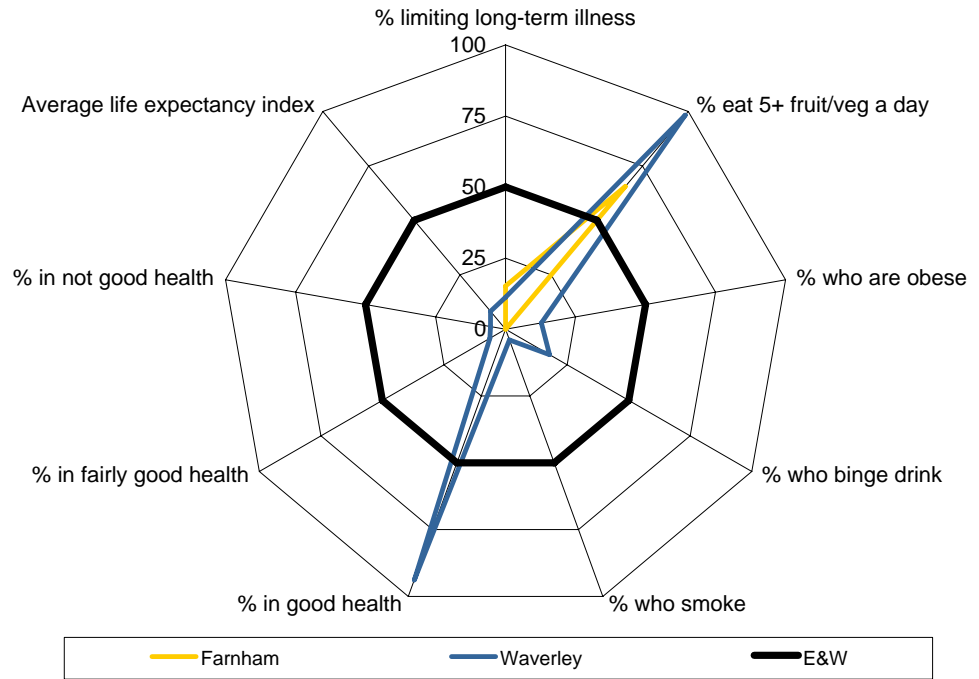
Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 7940)	Score
Index of Multiple Deprivation, 2004	5.40	7440	6.20
Inequality, 2004	0		20937
Income Deprivation, 2004	0.05	6155	0.05
Employment Deprivation, 2004	0.04	6915	0.04
Health Deprivation and Disability, 2004	-1.30	7275	-1.34
Education, Skills and Training Deprivation, 2004	6.79	6211	6.86
Barriers to Housing and Services Deprivation, 2004	14.68	5965	20.91
Crime Domain, 2004	-1.11	6799	-1.09
The Living Environment Deprivation, 2004	7.40	6406	6.77

Source: Local Knowledge; Indices of Deprivation 2004

Health



The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

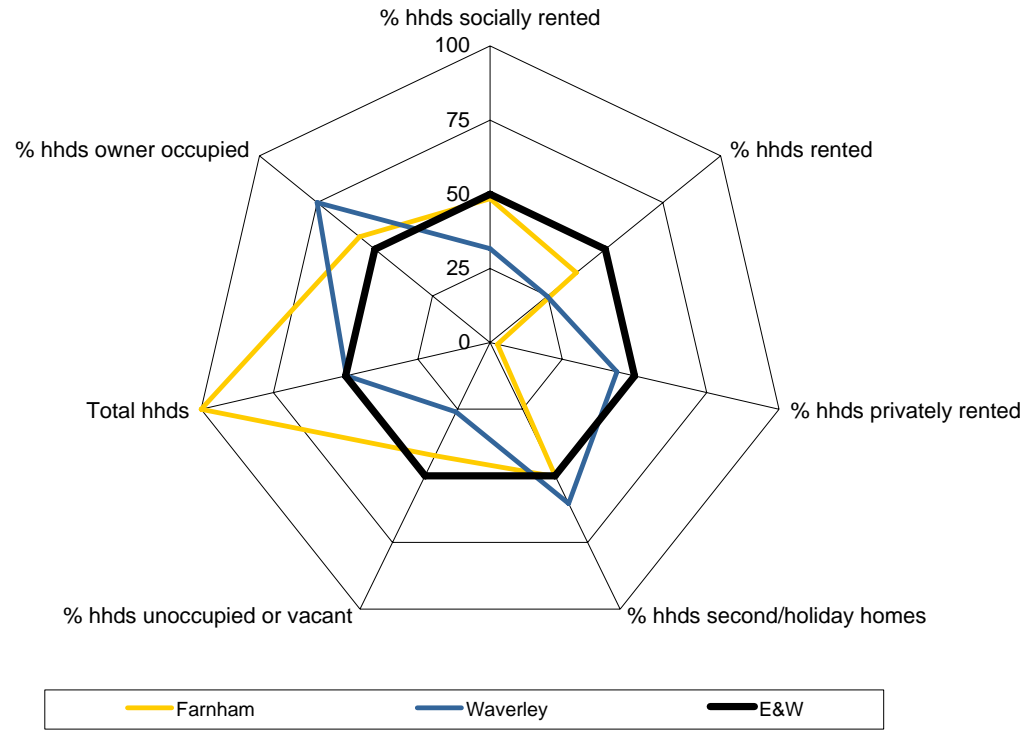
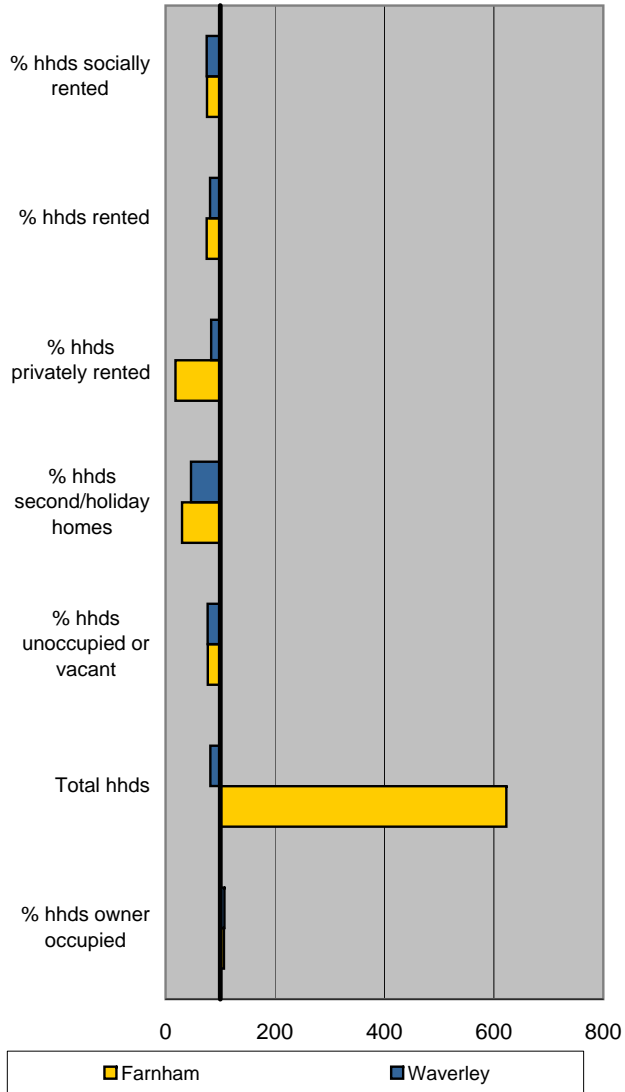


The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
% the population with a limiting long term illness, 01	14.17%	7014	14.06%
% adult residents who regularly eat 5+ fruit/veg a day, 01	33.41%	585	34.51%
% residents who are obese, 01	19.14%	5982	19.04%
% residents who binge drink, 01	14.21%	5425	13.82%
% residents who smoke, 01	18.39%	5785	17.68%
% people in good health, 01	73.70%	1686	74.50%
% people in fairly good health, 01	20.29%	6669	19.60%
% people in not good health, 01	6.02%	7501	5.90%
Average life expectancy index, 2004	67.56	2736	57.40

Source: Local Knowledge; Synthetic health estimates, Census; ONS

Housing



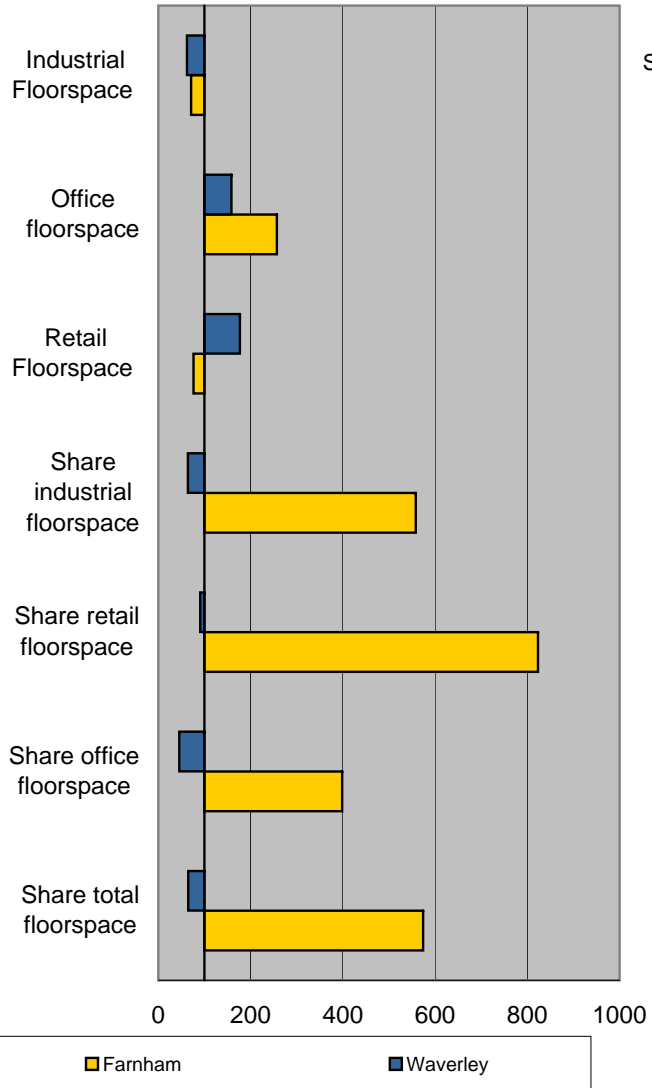
The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
% households which are socially rented, 01	12.38%	4528	13.02%
% households which are rented, 01	19.89%	5501	23.54%
% hhds rented from priv landlord or letting agency, 01	7.51%	8570	6.90%
% households which are second/holiday homes, 01	0.37%	3577	0.44%
% households which are unoccupied or vacant, 01	2.46%	5055	2.43%
Total households, 01	15341	1	47176
% households which are owner occupied, 01	78.42%	3811	76.46%

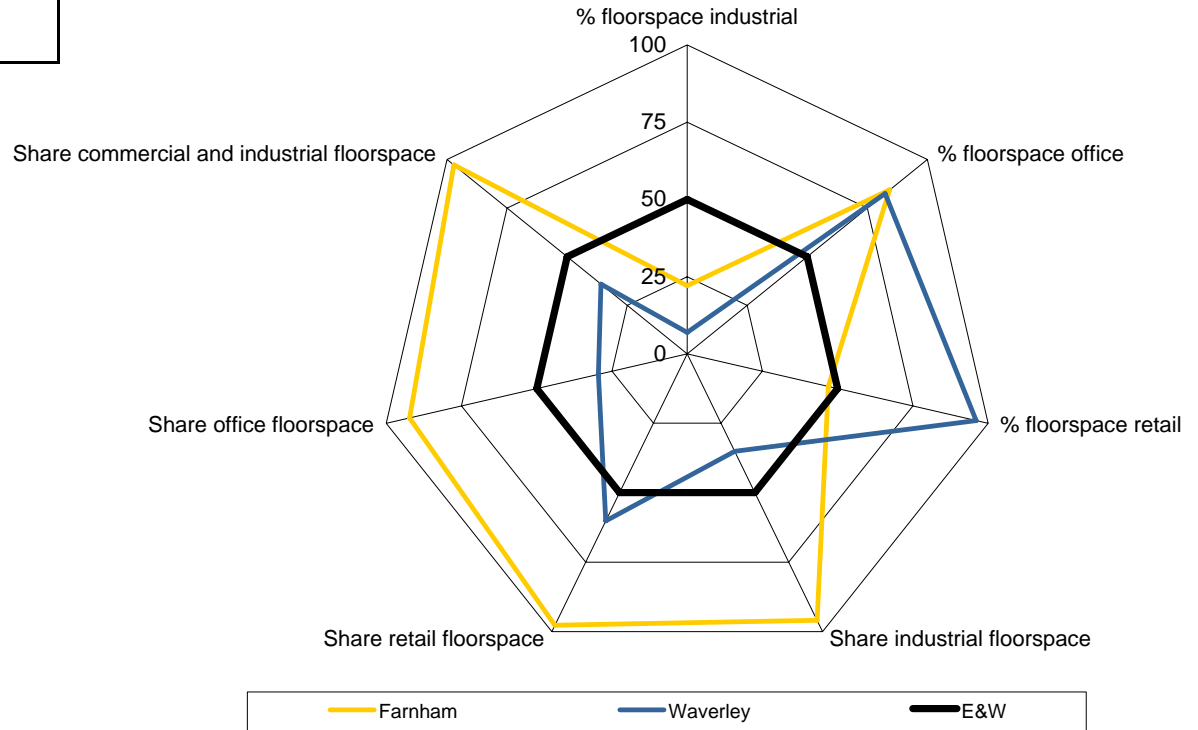
Source: Local Knowledge; Census 2001

The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

Commercial & Industrial floorspace



The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

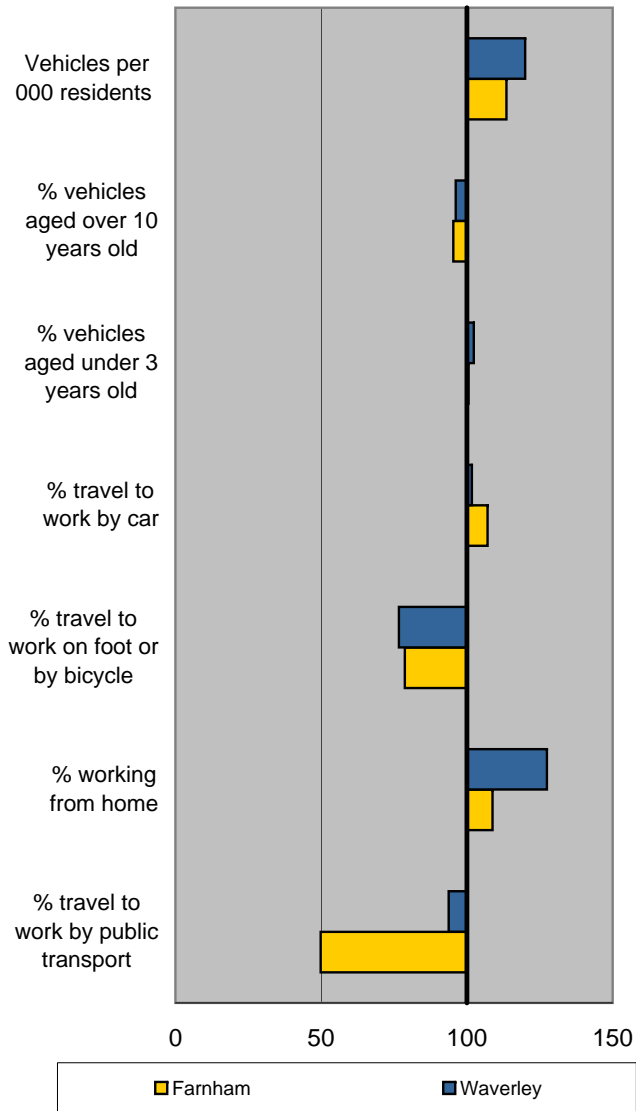


The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

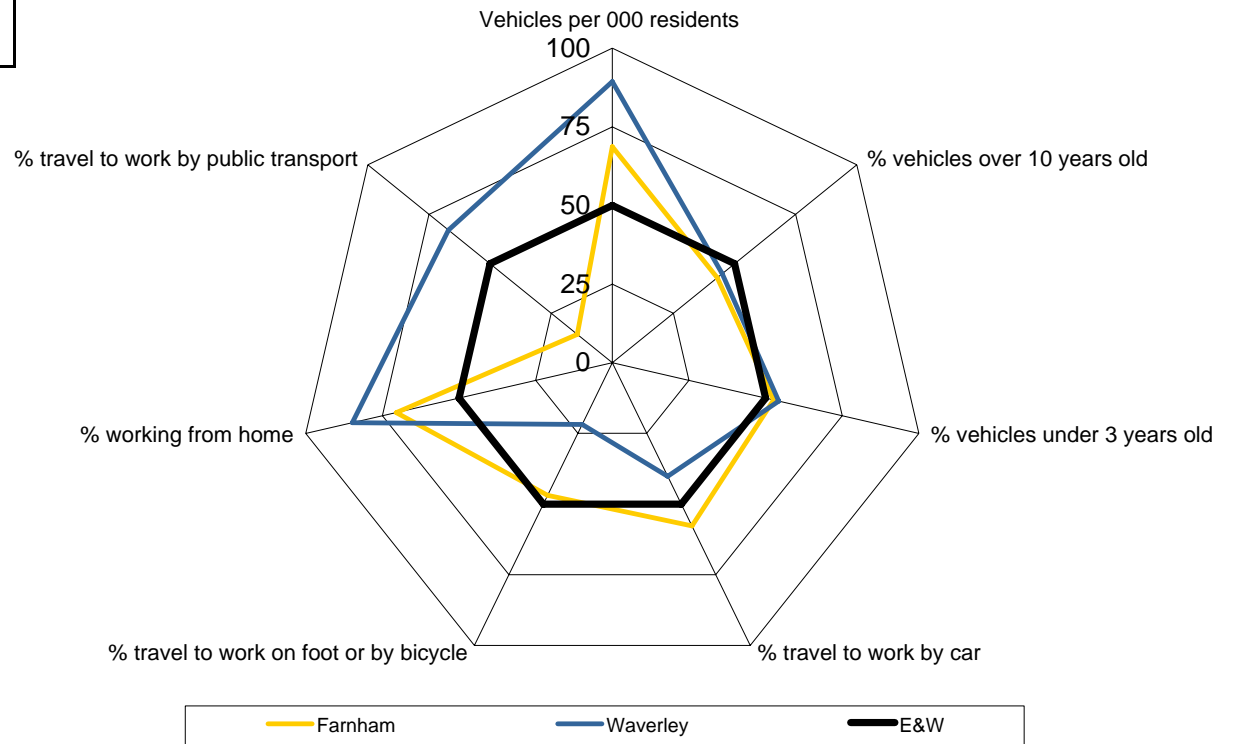
Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
Proportion of floorspace which is Industrial, 2003	38.99%	5496	40.03%
Proportion of floorspace which is Office, 2003	37.68%	958	23.70%
Proportion of floorspace which is Retail, 2003	23.33%	3911	36.27%
Share of sub-regional industrial floorspace, 2003	3.09%	289	8.35%
Share of sub-regional retail floorspace, 2003	4.55%	167	11.84%
Share of sub-regional office floorspace, 2003	2.20%	474	5.92%
Share of sub-regional total floorspace, 2003	3.18%	239	8.43%

Source: Local Knowledge, Commercial and Industrial floorspace statistics; ODPM

Transport



The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England & Wales = 100)

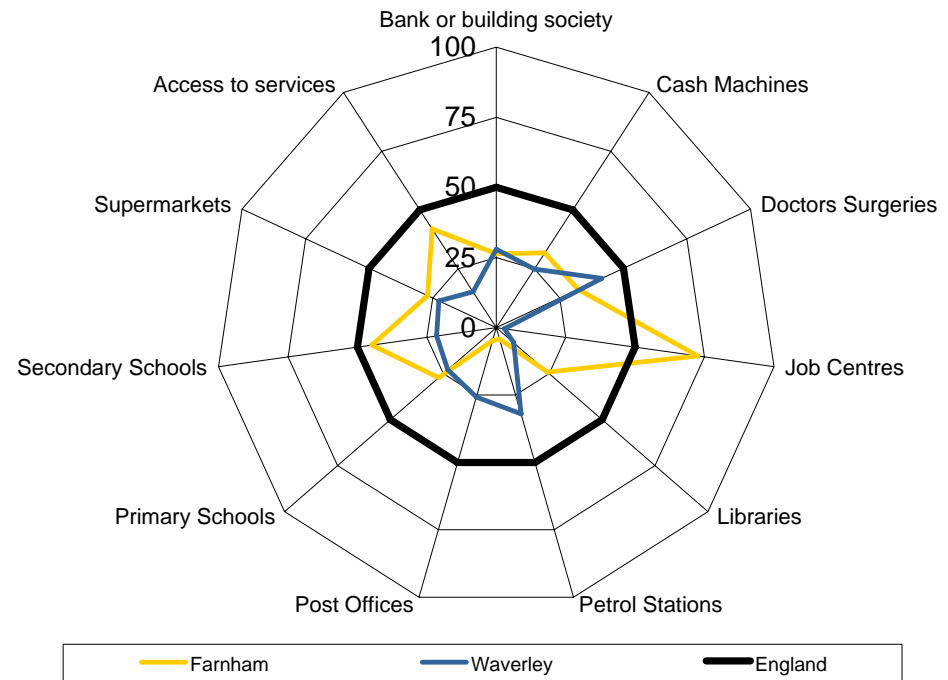
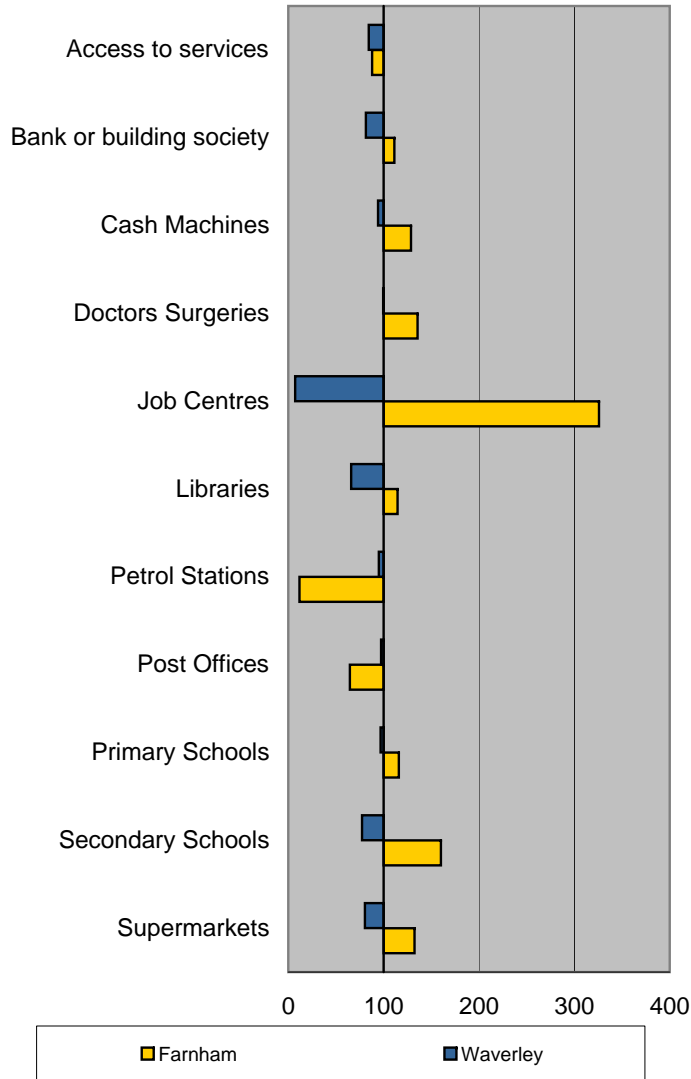


The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 8860)	Score
Vehicles per 000 residents, 2004	612.55	2770	621.10
% vehicles aged over 10 years old, 2004	28.56%	5048	28.37%
% vehicles aged under 3 years old, 2004	23.83%	4189	24.59%
% persons traveling to work by car, 2001	68.72%	3737	66.43%
% persons traveling to work on foot or by bicycle, 2001	9.96%	4697	10.24%
% employed residents working from home, 2001	11.71%	2609	12.63%
% persons traveling to work by public transport, 2001	8.59%	7571	10.71%

Source: Local Knowledge; Census 2001, Vehicle Licence data; ONS

Services



The chart above displays the national ranking converted to a percentile score (i.e.. the top ranking scores 100% and the bottom ranking 1%)

Indicator	Farnham		Waverley
	Score	Rank (out of 7940)	Score
Access to Bank or building society, 2005	64.79%	4949	58.76%
Access to Cash Machines, 2005	99.25%	5313	85.92%
Access to Doctors Surgeries, 2005	93.73%	5069	83.69%
Access to Job Centres, 2005	99.43%	1221	2.84%
Access to Libraries, 2005	72.63%	5310	51.56%
Access to Petrol Stations, 2005	8.69%	7431	83.36%
Access to Post Offices, 2005	53.78%	7571	92.97%
Access to Primary Schools, 2005	97.46%	5792	92.91%
Access to Secondary Schools, 2005	98.70%	3849	58.74%
Access to Supermarkets, 2005	85.90%	5155	64.40%
Access to services, 2005	87.98	4617	84.35

Source: Local Knowledge; Rural Services Survey

The chart above shows the value for Farnham & Waverley indexed to the national figure (England = 100)

Definitions

Economy - Industrial structure	Indicator	Description	2004	
	Share of District Employment	The wards share of the employment within the district		
	Proportion of employment in Knowledge-driven production sectors	This workplace based figure provides the proportion of all employed persons working in "Knowledge-driven" sectors: Knowledge driven sectors can be defined as Aerospace (35.3), Electric machinery and optical equipment (30, 32, 33), Printing, publishing, recorded media (22.11-22.22), Chemicals (24), & Energy (11, 23, 40, 41). All figures in brackets are 2003 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes.		
	Proportion of employment in Knowledge-driven services	This workplace based figure provides the proportion of all employed persons working in the following "Knowledge-driven" services: Telecomms, computer & related services, R&D (72, 73, 64.2, 64.12), Finance, business services (65, 67, 74 (excluding 74.7, 74.82)), Air transport services (62), & Recreational & cultural services (92). All figures in brackets are 2003 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes.		
	Proportion of employment in Knowledge-driven sectors	This workplace based figure provides the proportion of all employed persons working in the following "Knowledge-driven" sectors: Aerospace (35.3), Electric machinery and optical equipment (30, 32, 33), Printing, publishing, recorded media (22.11-22.22), Chemicals (24), Energy (11, 23, 40, 41), Telecomms, computer & related services, R&D (72, 73, 64.2, 64.12), Finance, business services (65, 67, 74 (excluding 74.7, 74.82)), Air transport services (62), & Recreational & cultural services (92). All figures in brackets are 2003 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes.		
	Proportion of employment in Public Services sectors	This workplace based figure provides the proportion of all employed persons working in Public Services. The "Public services" sector can be defined as: Public admin/defense (75); Education (80); Health and social work (85). All figures in brackets are 2003 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes. .		
	Industrial structure score	This workplace based figure provides an index of the proportion of all employed persons working in the following "Knowledge-driven" sectors: Aerospace (35.3), Electric machinery and optical equipment (30, 32, 33), Printing, publishing, recorded media (22.11-22.22), Chemicals (24), Energy (11, 23, 40, 41), Telecomms, computer & related services, R&D (72, 73, 64.2, 64.12), Finance, business services (65, 67, 74 (excluding 74.7, 74.82)), Air transport services (62), & Recreational & cultural services (92). All figures in brackets are 2003 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes. . This is in relation to the national average, providing an indication of the level of knowledge sector employment relative to the national trend		

Definitions

	Indicator		Description	
Economy - Businesses	Proportion of businesses in Knowledge-driven production	Annual Business Inquiry	The proportion of all businesses in Knowledge driven production. This indicator is unique to LK."Knowledge-driven" sectors: Aerospace (35.3), Electric machinery and optical equipment (30, 32, 33), Printing, publishing, recorded media (22.11-22.22), Chemicals (24), & Energy (11, 23, 40, 41). All figures in brackets are 2003 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes.	2004
	Proportion of businesses in Knowledge-driven services		The proportion of all businesses in the following "Knowledge-driven" services: Telecomms, computer & related services, R&D (72, 73, 64.2, 64.12), Finance, business services (65, 67, 74 (excluding 74.7, 74.82)), Air transport services (62), & Recreational & cultural services (92).	
	Proportion of businesses in Knowledge-driven sectors		The proportion of all businesses in "Knowledge-driven" sectors.Knowledge driven sector businesses include the following categories of business: Aerospace (35.3), Electric machinery and optical equipment (30, 32, 33), Printing, publishing, recorded media (22.11-22.22), Chemicals (24), Energy (11, 23, 40, 41), Telecomms, computer & related services, R&D (72, 73, 64.2, 64.12), Finance, business services (65, 67, 74 (excluding 74.7, 74.82)), Air transport services (62), & Recreational & cultural services (92).	
	Share of employers who are large		The proportion of businesses who employ over 200 people	
	Share of employers who are SMEs		The proportion of businesses who employ 10-199 people	
	Businesses per 000 population		The number of enterprises registered for VAT per 1000 population. This data is derived from annual workplace estimates based on the Inter Departmental Business Register (IDBR)	
	Average business size		The average number of employees per business	
	Economy - Skills & Qualifications		Proportion of the working age population qualified to NVQ1	
Proportion of the working age population qualified to NVQ2		The proportion of the working age population within the ward qualified to NVQ level 2 (equivalent to 5 or more GCSE's graded A*-C)		
Proportion of the working age population qualified to NVQ3		The proportion of the working age population within the ward qualified to NVQ level 3 (equivalent to BTEC or A-level)		
Proportion of the working age population qualified to NVQ levels 4&5		The proportion of the working age population in the ward qualified to degree level and above		
Proportion of the working age population with no qualifications		The proportion of the working age population within the ward who have no formal qualifications		
Residence based proportion of students gaining 5+ GCSEs (A*-C)		NeSS	The percentage of 15 years olds achieving 5 or more GCSE's at grades A*-C based on place of residence	
Skills and qualifications score GB=100 (residence based)		Census	This composite presents an index of the qualifications of an areas workforce, relative to the GB value. A higher score indicates a high level of local area qualifications amongst the labour market. Skills and qualifications scores are generated from summing the weighted percentages of an areas workforce qualified below NVQ2, at NVQ2, NVQ3 and NVQ4 and above. The sum of these indices are then divided by 4 to gain an overall composite	

Definitions

	Indicator		Description	
Economy - Labour market	Proportion of 18-25 year olds who are unemployed	Census	The proportion of 18-25 year olds who are claiming unemployment-related benefits	2001
	Proportion of self employed in workforce (residence based)		This residence based indicator provides the proportion of workforce that is self-employed. Self-employment is defined in relation to whether an individual is employed by someone else, or are self-employed	
	Unemployment rate	NOMIS	The proportion of people aged 16-59/64 (men/women) claiming Job Seekers Allowance or National Insurance Credits. The higher the score, the more unemployed in a given area	Sep-06
	Long-term unemployment as a proportion of all unemployment (12 months+)		The proportion of people aged 16-59/64 (men/women) claiming Job Seekers Allowance or National Insurance Credits who have been doing so for 12 months and over. This data is residence based	
	Proportion of employed working full-time (residence based)	Census	This residence based indicator provides the proportion of the workforce who work part-time. Full-time employment is defined as working for 31 hours or more within a week	
	Proportion of employed working part-time (residence based)		This residence based indicator provides the proportion of the workforce who work part-time. Part-time employment is defined as working for 30 hours or less within a week	
	Working age population in employment (residence based)		This residence based indicator provides the proportion of people aged 16-59/64 (men/women) in employment	
Society - Demography	Average age	Census	The mean average age of the resident population	2001
	Proportion of population classified as non-White		The percentage of people classified as White and Black Caribbean, White and Black African, White and Asian, Other Mixed, Caribbean, African, Other Black, Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Other Asian, Chinese or Other Ethnic Group. Classifications are based on Census ethnic groupings	
	Proportion of households in owner-occupied properties		The proportion of households in owner-occupied properties	
	Average household size		The mean average number of people living within a household	
	Proportion of Knowledge Workers amongst employed workforce		The proportion of the working age population who are employed in Knowledge occupations based on SOC groups (1) Managers and Senior Officials; (2) Professional occupations; (3) Associate Professional and Technical occupations, based on place of residence. The figures in brackets are Standard Occupational Classification 2000 (SOC) codes. SOC codes are nationally recognised occupational groupings designed to capture type of work and the associated skills necessary for the job.	
Society - Demography: age	Average age	Mid-year estimates	The mean average age of the resident population	2003
	Proportion of population aged 0-15		The percentage of the resident population aged 0-15 years old	
	Proportion of population aged 16-24		The percentage of the resident population aged 16-24 years old	
	Proportion of population aged 25-44		The percentage of the resident population aged 25-44 years old	
	Proportion of population aged 45-64		The percentage of the resident population aged 45-64 years old	
	Proportion of population aged 65+		The percentage of the resident population aged 65+ years old	

Definitions

	Indicator	Description	
Society - Demography: ethnicity	Proportion of population classified as Asian or British Asian	The percentage of people classified as Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi or Other Asian. Classifications are based on Census ethnic groupings	Census
	Proportion of population classified as Black or British Black	The percentage of people classified as Caribbean, African or Other Black. Classifications are based on Census ethnic groupings	
	Proportion of population classified as Chinese or Other Ethnic Group	The percentage of people classified as Chinese or Other Ethnic Group. Classifications are based on Census ethnic groupings	
	Proportion of population classified as Mixed	The percentage of people classified as White and Black Caribbean, White and Black African, White and Asian or Other Mixed. Classifications are based on Census ethnic groupings	
	Proportion of population classified as non-White	The percentage of people classified as White and Black Caribbean, White and Black African, White and Asian, Other Mixed, Caribbean, African, Other Black, Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Other Asian, Chinese or Other Ethnic Group. Classifications are based on Census ethnic groupings	
	Proportion of population classified as White	The percentage of people classified as British, Irish or Other White. Classifications are based on Census ethnic groupings	
	Society - Demography: net migration	Net migration 1-14 year olds	
Net migration 15-24 year olds		The proportion of the local authority's population aged 15-24 years old migrating to/from other local authorities. A positive figure indicates that relative to an areas population, more people moved into an area than out of an area	
Net migration 25-44 year-olds (proportion of 2001 pop)		The proportion of the local authority's population aged 25-44 years old migrating to/from other local authorities. A positive figure indicates that relative to an areas population, more people moved into an area than out of an area	
Net migration 45-64 year-olds (proportion of 2001 pop)		The proportion of the local authority's population aged 45-64 years old migrating to/from other local authorities. A positive figure indicates that relative to an areas population, more people moved into an area than out of an area	
Net migration 65+ year-olds (proportion of 2001 pop)		The proportion of the local authority's population aged 65+ years old migrating to/from other local authorities. A positive figure indicates that relative to an areas population, more people moved into an area than out of an area	
Net migration all (proportion of 2001 pop)		The proportion of the local authority's population migrating to/from other local authorities. A positive figure indicates that relative to an areas population, more people moved into an area than out of an area	

2001

Definitions

	Indicator		Description	
Society - Demography: household structure	Average household size	Census	The mean average number of people living within a household	2001
	Proportion of households comprising of married couples with dependent children		The proportion of households comprising of married couples with dependent children	
	Proportion of households comprising of married couples with no children		The proportion of households comprising of married couples with no children	
	Proportion of lone parent households		The proportion of households that contain lone parents. Lone parents are defined where either the husband or wife and children are not living in the same household as the other parent	
	Proportion of one person households		The proportion of households that only contain one person	
Society - Occupational structure	Manager and professional occupations (level 4)	The proportion of the working age population who are employed in manager and professional occupations based on SOC groups (1) Managers and Senior Officials; (2) Professional occupations, based on place of work. The figures in brackets are Standard Occupational Classification 2000 (SOC) codes.		
	Skilled technical occupations (level 3)	The proportion of the working age population who are employed in skilled technical occupations. This is based on SOC groups Associate Professionals & Technical (3) and Skilled Trades (4). The figures in brackets are Standard Occupational Classification 2000 (SOC) codes.		
	Lower skilled occupations (level 2)	The proportion of the working age population who are employed in lower skilled occupations. This is based on SOC groups Administrative & Secretarial (5), Personal Services, Care & Leisure (6), Sales & Customer Services (7), Process & Machine Operatives (8). The figures in brackets are Standard Occupational Classification 2000 (SOC) codes.		
	Elementary occupations (level 1)	The proportion of the working age population who are employed in elementary occupations (9), based on place of work. The figure in brackets is a Standard Occupational Classification 2000 (SOC) code.		
	Knowledge worker score	This residence based figure provides an index of proportion of the working age population who are employed in Knowledge occupations based on SOC groups (1) Managers and Senior Officials; (2) Professional occupations; (3) Associate Professional and Technical occupations, based on place of residence. The figures in brackets are Standard Occupational Classification 2000 (SOC) codes.		
Society - Prosperity & Wealth	Average number of rooms per household	The average number of rooms per household - as measured by the Census, Rooms include living rooms, bedroom, kitchens, utility rooms and studies but not bathrooms or storage rooms		
	Average number of cars or vans per household	The average number of cars or vans per household in the ward		
	Proportion of all households with 2+ cars	The proportion of households with 2 or more cars		
	Total Weekly Household Income Estimate	NeSS Total weekly household income estimates provide the total weekly income to households within the ward including gross earnings, investments, benefits, pensions and other sources of income. These are model based estimates, please refer to the quality field for further information	2002	

Definitions

	Indicator		Description	
Society - Deprivation & Inequality	Index of Multiple Deprivation 2004: average of SOA scores	Index of Multiple Deprivation	The Index of Multiple Deprivation; average SOA score provides a weighted average figure for the levels of deprivation in a given area. The IMD consists of 7 separate weighted 'domain' indices (Education 13.5%, Employment 22.5%, Crime 9.3%, Health 13.5%, Housing 9.3% & Income 22.5% Living Environment 9.3%). The higher the rank figure, the higher the deprivation level. Super Output Areas (SOA's) are statistically standard areas with varying numbers per ward (usually around 15 SOA's per ward). They allow standard comparison between areas based on number of households	2004
	Inequality (range of IMD ranks)		This indicator is a measure of inequality and shows the range between all the Super Output Areas within each district. The higher the score, the more inequality within the area.	
	Indices of Deprivation, Education Domain, Average SOA score		The Education domain of the IMD is based on the following indicators: it is based on two sub domains one covering children and young people including average points score of children at Key Stage 2; KS3; KS4; proportion of young people not staying on in school; proportion of those aged under 21 not entering HE; secondary school absence rate. The second sub domain covers skills including the proportion of working age adults (aged 25-54) in the area with no or low qualifications.	
	Indices of Deprivation, Employment Domain, Average SOA score		The Employment domain of the IMD is based on the following indicators: unemployment claimant count of women 18-59 and men aged 18-64, incapacity Benefit claimants; severe Disablement Allowance claimants; participation in New Deal for 18-24 year olds (not captured in the claimant count); participants in New Deal for 25+ who are not included in the claimant count; participation in New Deal for lone parents aged 18 and over.	
	Indices of Deprivation, Health Domain, Average SOA score		The Health domain of the IMD is based on the following indicators: years of potential life lost; comparative illness and disability ratio; measures of emergency admissions to hospital; adults under 60 suffering from mood or anxiety disorders.	
	Indices of Deprivation, Housing and Services Domain, Average SOA score	Index of Multiple Deprivation	The Housing domain of the IMD is based on the following indicators: this indicator is based on two sub domains, the first "wider barriers" includes, housing overcrowding; households where a decision on their application under the homeless provision have been made; difficulty of Access to owner occupation. The second sub domain " geographical barriers" includes road distance to GP premises; road distance to a supermarket or convenience store; road distance to a primary school; road distance to a post office.	
	Indices of Deprivation, Income Domain, Average SOA score		The Income domain of the IMD is based on the following indicators: adults and children in Income Support households; adults and children in income based job seekers allowance households; adults and children in working families tax credit households whose income is below 60% before cost of housing; adults and children in Disabled Person's Tax Credit households whose income is below 60% of median before housing costs; National Asylum Support Service supported asylum seekers in England in receipt of subsistence only and accommodation support. This indicator shows the actual number of people experiencing income deprivation.	
	Indices of Deprivation, Crime Domain, Average SOA score		The Crime domain of the IMD is based on the following indicators: burglary; theft; criminal damage; violence.	
	Indices of Deprivation, Environment Domain, Average SOA score		The Environment domain of the IMD is based on the following indicators: this indicator includes two sub domains, the first " the indoors living environment" includes social and private housing in poor condition; houses without central heating. The second sub domain " the outdoors living environment" includes air quality and road traffic accidents involving injury to pedestrians and cyclists.	

Definitions

	Indicator		Description		
Society - Health	Share of all persons with limiting long-term illness	Census	The proportion of people with a limiting long-term illness. A limiting long-term illness includes any long-term illness, health problem or disability that limits daily activities or work	2001	
	Proportion of adult residents who eat 5 or more fruit and vegetable portions per day	Synthetic Health Indicators	The proportion of adults who ate 5 or more fruit and vegetables on the previous day to the sample interview. Please refer to the quality section as this data should be used as a guide only	2000/02	
	Proportion of residents who are obese		The proportion of residents who are obese, which can be defined as having a Body Mass Index of over 30. Please refer to the quality section as this data should be used as a guide only		
	Proportion of residents who binge drink		The proportion of residents who reportedly had 8 or more alcohol units in the last week for men, or 6 or more for women. Please refer to the quality section as this data should be used as a guide only		
	Proportion of residents who smoke		The proportion of the population who smoke. Please refer to the quality section as this data should be used as a guide only		
	Proportion of the population in good health	General Health statistics	The proportion of the resident population who self reported their health as good over the previous 12 months on Census day in 2001	2001	
	Proportion of the population in fairly good health		The proportion of the resident population who self reported their health as fairly good over the previous 12 months on Census day in 2001		
	Proportion of the population not in good health		The proportion of the resident population who self reported their health as not very good over the previous 12 months on Census day in 2001		
	Years of potential life lost ratio (average SOA score) (IMD 2004 Health domain underlying indicator)	Indices of Deprivation and Classifications		This indicator is used with other indicators within the final health domain of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2004. The score provides a weighted average of the scores for all the SOA's within the area. 100 stands as the average, all results under 100 indicate a higher than average number of life years lost, results above 100 show a lower than average number of years of life lost. This allows a fair comparison across all areas in the country. Please note the figures are arbitrary figures, but serve as an indication of the levels of health deprivation within the locality. The figures at SOA level are derived from standardised expected death rates for those over 75, weighted by age and sex. All, other premature deaths are used to create the weighting for the average life lost ratio	2004

Definitions

	Indicator		Description	
Environment - Housing	Total households	Census	The total number of households within an area	2001
	Proportion of households which are socially rented		The proportion of households in which are rented from the council or registered social landlord	
	Proportion of households in rented occupation		The proportion of households in rented properties	
	Proportion of privately rented households		The proportion of households in rented occupation from private landlord or letting agency	
	Proportion of household spaces that are second/holiday homes		The proportion of households which were declared as second or holiday homes in the 2001 Census	
	Proportion of household spaces that are unoccupied, vacant households		The proportion of households which are unoccupied and vacant within the area at the time of the 2001 Census	
	Proportion of households in owner-occupied properties		The proportion of households in owner-occupied properties	
Environment - Commercial & Industrial Property	Industrial floorspace as a proportion of all commercial & industrial floorspace	ODPM	The proportion of all commercial & industrial floorspace, that is used by the industrial sector (including warehouses and factories)	2003
	Office floorspace as a proportion of all commercial & industrial floorspace		The proportion of all commercial & industrial floorspace, that is taken up by offices (including 'purpose-built office buildings, offices over shops, light storage and light industrial activities')	
	Retail floorspace as a proportion of all commercial & industrial floorspace		The proportion of all commercial & industrial floorspace, which is used by the retail sector (including premises such as shops, banks and post offices)	
	Share of sub-regional commercial floorspace		The proportion of the sub-regions commercial floorspace that is within the area. Commercial floorspace is defined as all floorspace used for non-domestic purposes including retail, office and industrial activities	
	Share of sub-regional Industrial floorspace		The proportion of the sub-regions industrial floorspace that is within the area. Industrial sector floorspace includes warehouses and factories	
	Share of sub-regional Office floorspace		The proportion of the sub-regions office floorspace that is within the area	
	Share of sub-regional Retail floorspace		The proportion of the sub-regions retail floorspace that is within the area. The Retail definition includes floorspace used to provide goods and services to the public	
Environment - Transport	Number of vehicles per thousand residents	DVLA	The number of private and commercial vehicles per 1000 residents within the area	2004
	Proportion of all vehicles which are over 10 years old		The proportion of all private and commercial vehicles which are over 10 years old	
	Proportion of all vehicles which are under 3 years old		The proportion of all private and commercial vehicles which are under 3 years old	
	Proportion of persons travelling to work by car	Census	The proportion of people who mainly travel to work by car	2001
	Proportion of persons travelling to work on foot or by bicycle		The proportion of people who mainly travel to work on foot or by bicycle	
	Proportion of employed residents working from home		The proportion of people who mainly work from home	
	Proportion of persons travelling to work by public transport		The proportion of people who mainly travel to work by public transport. For the Census, public transport includes Underground, metro, light rail, tram, train, bus, minibus, coach	

Definitions

Environment - Services & Amenities	Indicator	Rural Services Survey	2005	
				Description
	Proportion of households within a short distance of a Bank or Building Society			This indicator is based on the Countryside Agency's Rural Services Survey. The proportion of households within the area who are estimated to be within a short distance (2 kilometres) from a bank or building society
	Proportion of households within a short distance of a Doctors Surgery			This indicator is based on the Countryside Agency's Rural Services Survey. The proportion of households within the area who are estimated to be within a short distance (2 kilometres) from a doctors surgery
	Proportion of households within a short distance of a Jobcentre			This indicator is based on the Countryside Agency's Rural Services Survey. The proportion of households within the area who are estimated to be within a short distance (2 kilometres) from a jobcentre
	Proportion of households within a short distance of a Library			This indicator is based on the Countryside Agency's Rural Services Survey. The proportion of households within the area who are estimated to be within a short distance (2 kilometres) from a library
	Proportion of households within a short distance of a Cashpoint			This indicator is based on the Countryside Agency's Rural Services Survey. The proportion of households within the area who are estimated to be within a short distance (2 kilometres) from a cashpoint
	Proportion of households within a short distance of a Petrol Station			This indicator is based on the Countryside Agency's Rural Services Survey. The proportion of households within the area who are estimated to be within a short distance (2 kilometres) from a petrol station
	Proportion of households within a short distance of a Post Office			This indicator is based on the Countryside Agency's Rural Services Survey. The proportion of households within the area who are estimated to be within a short distance (2 kilometres) from a post office
	Proportion of households within a short distance of a Primary School			This indicator is based on the Countryside Agency's Rural Services Survey. The proportion of households within the area who are estimated to be within a short distance (2 kilometres) from a primary school
	Proportion of households within a short distance of a Secondary School			This indicator is based on the Countryside Agency's Rural Services Survey. The proportion of households within the area who are estimated to be within a short distance (2 kilometres) from a secondary school
Proportion of households within a short distance of a Supermarket	This indicator is based on the Countryside Agency's Rural Services Survey. The proportion of households within the area who are estimated to be within a short distance (2 kilometres) from a supermarket			
Access to services	This indicator is a composite based on the indexes of the following: households who are a short distance from a public internet access point; supermarket; secondary school; primary school; post office; petrol station; library; jobcentre; doctors; bank/building society; cashpoint. The higher the figure, the higher the service provision in comparison to other areas			